



BOSCH

AUTODOME 7100s / AUTODOME 7100s IR

NDP-7803S-Z30S / NDP-7803S-Z30L

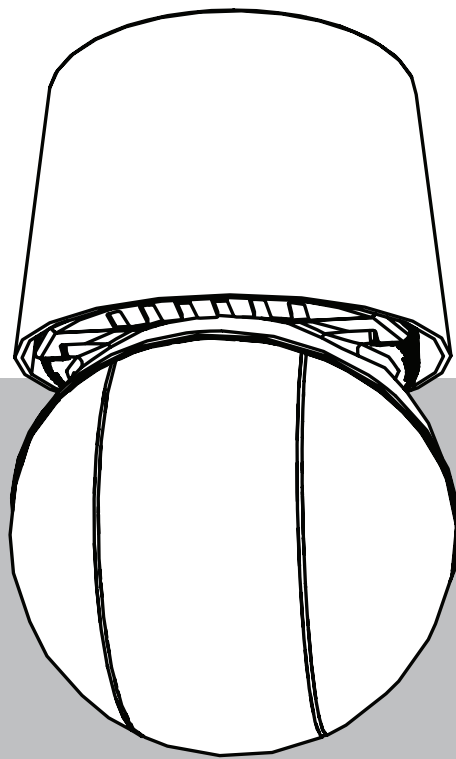


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1 Safety

1.1 About this Manual

This manual has been compiled with great care and the information it contains has been thoroughly verified. The text was complete and correct at the time of printing. Because of the ongoing development of products, the content of the manual may change without notice. IQSIGHT accepts no liability for damage resulting directly or indirectly from faults, incompleteness, or discrepancies between the manual and the product described.

1.2 Legal Information

Copyright

This manual is the intellectual property of IQSIGHT, and is protected by copyright. All rights reserved.

Trademarks

All hardware and software product names used in this document are likely to be registered trademarks and must be treated accordingly.

1.3 Safety Precautions



Danger!

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Warning!

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Caution!

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



Notice!

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment or environment, or data loss.

1.4 Important Safety Instructions

Read, follow, and retain for future reference all of the following safety instructions. Follow all warnings before operating the device.

1. Clean only with a dry cloth. Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners.
2. Do not install device near any heat sources such as radiators, heaters, stoves, or other equipment (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
3. Do not spill liquid of any kind on the device before installation is complete.
4. Take precautions to protect the device from power and lightning surges.*
5. Adjust only those controls specified in the operating instructions.
6. Operate the device only from the type of power source indicated on the label.
7. Unless qualified, do not attempt to service a damaged device yourself. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.
8. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in accordance with applicable local codes.
9. Use only attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
10. Protect all connection cables from possible damage, particularly at connection points.

* Refer to chapter "Installing the camera outdoors" in the Installation Manual.



Caution!

To reduce the risk of electric shock and damage to the product, only connect any power source when the device is fully installed.



Caution!

Installation must be made by qualified personnel and conform to ANSI/NFPA 70 (the National Electrical Code® (NEC)), Canadian Electrical Code, Part I (also called CE Code or CSA C22.1), and all applicable local codes. IQSIGHT accepts no liability for any damages or losses caused by incorrect or improper installation.



Warning!

INSTALL EXTERNAL INTERCONNECTING CABLES IN ACCORDANCE TO NEC, ANSI/NFPA70 (FOR US APPLICATION) AND CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I, CSA C22.1 (FOR CAN APPLICATION) AND IN ACCORDANCE TO LOCAL COUNTRY CODES FOR ALL OTHER COUNTRIES. BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION INCORPORATING A 20 A, 2-POLE LISTED CIRCUIT BREAKER OR BRANCH RATED FUSES ARE REQUIRED AS PART OF THE BUILDING INSTALLATION. A READILY ACCESSIBLE 2-POLE DISCONNECT DEVICE WITH A CONTACT SEPARATION OF AT LEAST 3 mm MUST BE INCORPORATED.



Warning!

ROUTING OF EXTERNAL WIRING MUST BE DONE THROUGH A PERMANENTLY EARTHED LIQUID TIGHT METAL CONDUIT.



Notice!

IQSIGHT recommends the use of surge/lightning suppression devices (sourced locally) to protect network and power cables and the camera installation site. Refer to NFPA 780, Class 1 & 2, UL96A, or the equivalent code appropriate for your country/region, and to local building codes. Refer also to the installation instructions of each device (midspan, camera, and surge suppression device installed where the cable enters the building).

**Notice!**

Always use one of the following types of shielded network connection (Ethernet) cable (Cat5e/Cat6 or better), and a shielded RJ45 network cable connector:

- F/UTP overall screened cable with unscreened twisted pairs (often referred to as FTP)
- S/UTP overall braided shield with unscreened twisted pairs (often referred to as STP)
- a cable with better shielding that has a minimum bend radius of 30 mm (1.2 in.) and a maximum diameter of 6 mm (0.24 in.).

Always use shielded cables/connectors in demanding indoor electrical environments where the network cable is located in parallel with electrical mains supply cables, or where large inductive loads such as motors or contactors are near the camera or its cable.

**Notice!**

Ancillary power (UPS) required

To meet the Mains Supply Voltage Dips and Short Interruptions requirements per EN 50130-4 Alarm Standard, ancillary equipment (for example, an Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)) is necessary.

The UPS must have a Transfer time between 2-6 ms and Backup Runtime of greater than 5 seconds for the power level as specified on the product data sheet.

**Warning!**

The camera must be mounted directly and permanently and permanently to a non-combustible surface.

- Make sure that the installation conditions comply with the specified stresses of vibration and shock as mentioned in the datasheet.
- Use on mobile platforms is not recommended. Refer to the warranty statement for more information.

**Notice!**

To maintain the Type 4X rating when the camera is installed, installers must make sure that the user-supplied cable glands or conduit connections have Type 4X ratings.

**Notice!**

Risk of water ingress

If you:

- remove a camera from its mount but do not replace it promptly, or
- install the mount but do not install the camera immediately,

then you must remove the PCB from the mount to avoid moisture or water ingress and potential corrosion.

**Caution!**

Risk of burns - Camera surface may be hot

The camera housing may be hot to the touch, especially in hot weather climates. Use caution when handling the camera to avoid burns.

**Notice!**

Before adding or removing an SFP module from the camera's mount, disconnect all power sources (including POE) from the mount (NDA-7100-PENF and NDA-7100-PIPEF).

**Notice!**

Risk of permanent damage to the camera

The interface board connects only one way to the camera. Make sure that when you install it in the mount (arm or pipe mount), you install it the correct way.

1.5

Important Notices

Accessories - Do not place this unit on an unstable stand, tripod, bracket, or mount. The unit may fall, causing serious injury and/or serious damage to the unit. Use only with mounting solutions specified by the manufacturer. When a cart is used, use caution and care when moving the cart/unit combination to avoid injury from tip-over. Quick stops, excessive force, or uneven surfaces may cause the cart/unit combination to overturn. Mount the unit per the installation instructions.

Adjustment of controls - Adjust only those controls specified in the operating instructions. Improper adjustment of other controls may cause damage to the unit.

Camera signal - Protect the cable with a primary protector if the camera signal is beyond 140 feet, in accordance with NEC800 (CEC Section 60).

Environmental statement - IQSIGHT has a strong commitment towards the environment. This device has been designed to respect the environment as much as possible.

Electrostatic-sensitive device - Use proper ESD safety precautions when handling the camera to avoid electrostatic discharge.

Fuse rating - For security protection of the device, the branch circuit protection must be secured with a maximum fuse rating of 16A. This must be in accordance with NEC800 (CEC Section 60).

Grounding:

- Connect outdoor equipment to the unit's inputs only after this unit has had its ground terminal connected properly to a ground source.
 - Disconnect the unit's input connectors from outdoor equipment before disconnecting the grounding terminal.
 - Follow proper safety precautions such as grounding for any outdoor device connected to this unit.
- U.S.A. models only - Section 810 of the *National Electrical Code*, ANSI/NFPA No.70, provides information regarding proper grounding of the mount and supporting structure, size of grounding conductors, location of discharge unit, connection to grounding electrodes, and requirements for the grounding electrode.

Refer to the chapter "Installing the camera outdoors, page 16" in the installation manual for more information on outdoor installations.

Outdoor signals - The installation for outdoor signals, especially regarding clearance from power and lightning conductors and transient protection, must be in accordance with NEC725 and NEC800 (CEC Rule 16-224 and CEC Section 60).

Refer to the chapter "Installing the camera outdoors, page 16" in the installation manual for more information on outdoor installations.

Permanently connected equipment - Incorporate a readily accessible disconnect device in the building installation wiring.

Power disconnect - Units have power supplied to the unit whenever the power cord is inserted into the power source, or when IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (60W/90W) power is provided over the Ethernet Cat5e/Cat6e cable. The power cord is the main power disconnect device for switching off the voltage for all units. When IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (60W/90W) is used to power the unit, the power is provided over the Ethernet cable, which is then the main power disconnect device for switching off the voltage for all units.

Power lines - Do not locate the camera near overhead power lines, power circuits, or electrical lights, nor where it may contact such power lines, circuits, or lights.

Damage requiring service - Unplug the device from the main AC/DC/PoE power source and refer servicing to qualified service personnel when any damage to the equipment has occurred, such as:

- the power supply cord or plug is damaged;
- exposure to moisture, water, and/or inclement weather (rain, snow, etc.);
- liquid has been spilled into or on the device;
- an object has fallen into the device;
- the device has been dropped or its enclosure or the equipment cabinet in which it is located is damaged;
- the device exhibits a distinct change in performance;
- the device does not operate normally when the user follows the operating instructions correctly.

Servicing - Do not attempt to service this device yourself. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.

This device has no user-serviceable internal parts.

FCC information

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Intentional or unintentional modifications, not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance, shall not be made. Any such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



Notice!

This is a **class A** product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

FCC suppliers Declaration of Conformity

NDP-7803S-Z30	PTZ 4MP 30x IP66 pendant GenAI+
NDP-7803S-Z30L	PTZ 4MP 30x IP66 pendant IR GenAI+

FCC Compliance Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Responsible party

IQSIGHT LLC
130 Perinton Parkway
Fairport, New York, 14450
USA

**Notice!**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to EN 55032. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Canadian Compliance Statement

CAN ICES-003(A) / NMB-003(A)

UL Disclaimer

Underwriter Laboratories Inc. ("UL") has not tested the performance or reliability of the security or signaling aspects of this product. UL has only tested fire, shock and/or casualty hazards as outlined in Standard(s) for Safety for Information Technology Equipment, UL 62368-1 and UL 60950-22. UL Certification does not cover the performance or reliability of the security or signaling aspects of this product.

UL MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES, OR CERTIFICATIONS WHATSOEVER REGARDING THE PERFORMANCE OR RELIABILITY OF ANY SECURITY OR SIGNALING-RELATED FUNCTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT.

Old electrical and electronic equipment

This product and/or battery must be disposed of separately from household waste. Dispose such equipment according to local laws and regulations, to allow their reuse and/or recycling. This will help in conserving resources, and in protecting human health and the environment.

1.6

Important Notices - Illumination Safety

The text in this section applies only to cameras that have illuminators.

**Notice!**

This product has been tested according to standard IEC 62471:2006 "Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems". The product emissions exceed the EXEMPT Group limit for both Retinal Blue Light and Cornea/Lens infrared hazard as defined by IEC 62471:2006. The product was found to meet the Risk Group 1 exposure limits for IR LEDs.

The IEC 62471 provides the methods to determine the risk group of any lamp or any product incorporating a lamp. The risk groups in IEC 62471 indicate the degree of risk from potential optical radiation hazards. The risk groups were developed based upon decades of lamp use experience and the analysis of accidental injuries related to optical radiation emission.

EXEMPT Group - no optical hazard is considered reasonably foreseeable, even for continuous, unrestricted use. Typical examples are most frosted incandescent lamps and fluorescent lamps used in domestic applications.

Risk Group 1 - products are safe for most use applications, except for very prolonged exposures where direct ocular exposures may be expected. An example of Risk Group 1 is a domestic battery operated torch (flashlight).

Exposure Hazard Value (EHV) is a ratio of the Exposure Level (distance, exposure time) to Exposure Limit Value (ELV). When EHV is greater than 1, the device has exceeded the Exposure Limit Values for a particular Risk Group. The ELV is the level where optical radiation to the eye or skin is not expected to result in adverse biological effects.

The **Hazard Distance (HD)** is the distance from the source at which the Exposure Level equals the appropriate ELV. In other words, when $EHV=1$ for a particular Risk Group.

Regarding the Cornea / Lens infrared hazard of this product, the Exposure Hazard Value (EHV) at a test distance of 200mm is 2.19 based on EXEMPT Group exposure limits. The EHV based on Risk Group 1 limits is 0.386. The HD for the Exempt Group is 297 mm.

These values have been summarized in the table below:

Hazard	EXEMPT Group Limits			Risk Group 1 Limits		
	t, duration	d, distance	EHV	t, duration	d, distance	EHV
Cornea / Lens Infrared Hazard	1000 s Hazard Distance	200 mm 279 mm	2.19	100 s	200 mm	0.386

1.7 Connection in Applications

IQSIGHT recommends operating the AUTODOME 7100s IR camera model NDP-7803S-Z30L by IEEE 802.3bt PoE Type 4, Class 8, 90W (for full-function mode of the camera). You may also use a third-party 24 VAC, 50/60Hz power supply that meets the stated requirements.



Warning!

The product must be supplied only by an external power supply that is a certified Class 2 or Limited Power Source (LPS) supply.

24 VAC / 36 VDC power source: This unit is intended to operate at 24 VAC or 36 VDC power if IEEE 802.3bt Type 3, 60W (non IR models), Type 4, 90W (IR models) is not available. User-supplied wiring must be in compliance with electrical codes and shielded wire must be used.

PoE: Use only approved PoE (IEEE 802.3bt) devices: Type 3, 60W for non IR models and Type 4, 90W for IR models. Power-over-Ethernet can be connected at the same time as 24 VAC or at the same time as 36 VDC power supply. If auxiliary power (24 VAC or 36 VDC) and PoE (IEEE 802.3bt) are applied simultaneously, the camera selects PoE over the auxiliary input.

For full feature support of the camera, our IEEE 802.3bt Type 3, 60W midspan should be used for non IR models and our IEEE 802.3bt Type 4, 90W midspan should be used for IR models.

1.8 Use latest software

Before operating the device for the first time, make sure that you install the latest applicable release of your software version. For consistent functionality, compatibility, performance, and security, regularly update the software throughout the operational life of the device. Follow the instructions in the product documentation regarding software updates.

The following link provides general information and information on security advisories, that is a list of identified vulnerabilities and proposed solutions: <https://www.iqsight.com/en/support/product-security/>

We assume no liability whatsoever for any damage caused by operating its products with outdated software components.

**Notice!**

We strongly recommend upgrading to the latest firmware for the best possible functionality, compatibility, performance and security.

Check <https://downloadstore.keenfinity-group.com/> regularly to see if there is a new firmware version available.

1.9

Customer Support and Service

If this unit needs service or if you need technical support, contact IQSIGHT **Technical Support** for instructions.

USA and Canada

Telephone: 800-289-0096, option 4

Fax: 800-315-0470

Email: technical.support@iqsight.com

Europe, Middle East, Africa, and Asia Pacific Regions

Contact your local distributor or IQSIGHT sales office.

More Information

For more information, please contact the nearest IQSIGHT location or visit <https://commerce.iqsight.com/us/en>.

2 Unpacking

- This equipment should be unpacked and handled with care. Check the exterior of the packaging for visible damage. If an item appears damaged in shipment, notify the shipper immediately.
- Verify that all the parts listed in the Parts List below are included. If any items are missing, notify our Sales or Customer Service Representative.
- Do not use this product if any component appears to be damaged. Please contact us in the event of damaged goods.
- The original packing carton (if undamaged) is the safest container in which to transport the unit and must be used if returning the unit for service. Save it for possible future use.
- To protect the PCBA on the mount against ESD, do not remove the anti-static foam covering the PCBA until after you install the mount.

2.1 Tools Required

The table that follows has a list of additional products, user-supplied, that are necessary to install AUTODOME cameras.

Product	Size	Purpose
Watertight, grounded metal conduit	20 mm (0.75 in.)	Maintain the IP66 rating of the installed system, and protect the cable in the outdoor environment.
UL-listed liquid-tight strain reliefs		Anchor, stabilize, and insulate cables at the connection point between conduit and the device/the enclosure/the connection point of the mount.
Weatherproof sealant (for example, PTFE thread seal tape)		Create a weatherproof seal around each mounting hole and on the threads of each end of conduit installed in the system.
Studs (4), stainless steel, corrosion-resistant	6.4 mm (1/4 in.) to 8 mm (5/16 in.)	Secure the Power Supply Box to the mounting surface.
Outdoor rated surge suppressor		Protect the network and power cables and the camera installation site from power surges and from lightning. Required when powering the camera via PoE or a midspan device.
Surge suppression for indoor equipment		Protect the network and power cables and the camera installation site from power surges and from lightning. Required when powering the camera via PoE or a midspan device.

The table that follows has a list of additional tools and accessories that may be necessary to complete installation.

Product	Size	Purpose
MicroSD card (MSD-064G, MSD-128G, MSD-256G)		Record video.

Product	Size	Purpose
Small tool	2-3mm in diameter	Install a microSD card.
Screwdriver		Install the ground screw on a pendant arm mount.
Copper power wire		Make connections for 24 VAC $\pm 10\%$ / 36 VDC $\pm 10\%$.
Ethernet cable (Cat5e/ Cat6 or better)	100 m (328 ft) maximum channel length of any single run	Transmit video and data Note: Use one of the following types: – F/UTP overall screened cable with unscreened twisted pairs (often referred to as FTP) – S/UTP overall braided shield with unscreened twisted pairs (often referred to as STP) – Cable with better shielding that meets the minimum bend radius of 30 mm (1.2 in.), and maximum diameter of 6 mm (0.24 in.)
Fiber optic cable		Transmit video and data over an extended range.
SFP module		Connect a fiber optic cable to the fiber port on the pendant arm mount or on the pipe mount (-F models only). Must use 1Gbps SFP modules. The fiber used must be compatible with the SFP modules in mode (single-mode or multi-mode), wavelengths (850nm or 1310nm) and termination (duplex LC). The SFP modules used at both the camera/ mount end and at the head-end media converter must be compatible, if not the same exact brand and part number. Notes: – SFP manufacturer is responsible for reaching the distance claimed for module. – SFP modules must meet the following temperature specifications that occur inside the mount: +85 °C (+185 °F) case temp. Refer to the chapter “Support for Fiber optic cable installation” for further information.
Belden cable or similar (with twisted pairs and a foil shield with a drain wire)		Make connections for audio and/or alarm inputs/outputs as needed.

3 Configuring the camera before installation

**Notice!**

Risk of damage to the camera

Do not change the camera orientation while the camera is still in the box. The camera head must be free to rotate.

**Notice!**

Risk of damage to the camera

When you are configuring the camera in its packaging and you plan to install it on a pipe mount, you must use a complete pipe mount (our NDA-7100-PIPE or NDA-7100-PIPEF) to supply power to the camera. It is the only way to make sure the board within the pipe mount is installed in the correct way.

**Notice!**

Risk of permanent damage to the camera

The interface board connects only one way to the camera. Make sure that when you install it in the mount (arm or pipe mount), you install it the correct way.

1. Connect Ethernet with PoE or Ethernet without PoE and power wires to a NDA-7100-PIPE or NDA-7100-PIPEF Pipe Mount. For wiring requirements, refer to the Connection chapter.
2. Connect the Pipe mount to the camera. Refer to *Installing a pipe mount*, page 38.
3. Supply power to the camera and connect the camera to the computer. Refer to the Connection chapter.
4. Configure the camera. Refer to the separate User Manual for details.
5. Disconnect the wires/ cables from the connectors in the base of the camera.
6. Disconnect the Pipe mount from the base of the camera.

4 Installing the camera outdoors

Cameras installed outdoors are typically exposed to surges, transients, and lightning. The details for wiring and installation are based on common practices for proper surge and lightning suppression. The figure that follows is an illustration of the best practices for installing IP cameras outdoors with surge and lightning suppression.

Note that the illustration has an AUTODOME camera and a MIC camera and does not include representations of all models of IP cameras, including AUTODOME and MIC.

The illustration can represent any IP camera. Mounting hardware varies between units.

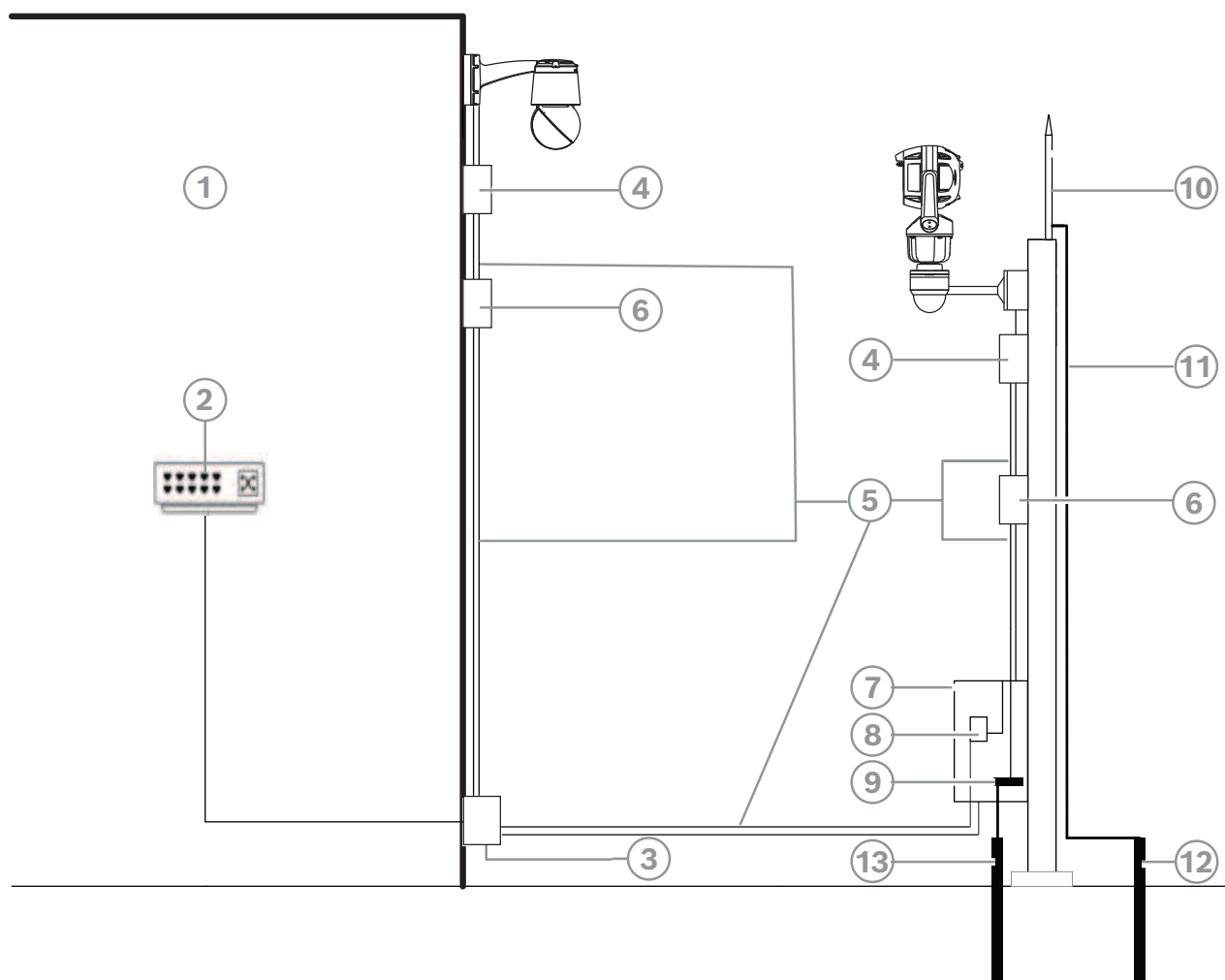


Figure 4.1: Correct outdoor installation with proper surge/lightning suppression

1	Indoor main building	2	Network switch with shielded ports and grounding as recommended by the manufacturer. All network cables must be terminated with shielded RJ45 connectors.
3	Surge suppression for indoor equipment at cable entry	4	Outdoor rated surge suppressor with shielded RJ45 connections that must be mounted as close to the camera as possible. Connect the ground per the manufacturer's installation manual.
5	Install Cat5e/Cat6 shielded Ethernet cable such as F/UTP shielded cable with twisted pairs (often referred to as FTP) or S/UTP braided shield with twisted pairs (often referred to as STP) with shielded RJ45 connectors. The cable must be routed through a liquid-tight metal conduit that is permanently Earth-grounded across the entire span and capable of withstanding the outdoor environment. The cable must be a maximum length of 100 m (328 ft). Power and signal cables must be in separate conduits with the correct physical separation distance between them. (Refer to the section Additional wiring guidelines .)		
6	Outdoor-rated midspan with shielded RJ45 connections. Ground the metal conduit to the midspan per the installation instructions of the camera/midspan.	7	Equipment enclosure with AC power source for the midspan
8	Optional outdoor-rated network switch or patch panel	9	Connect the Bus Bar to the Equipment Grounding Electrode. All equipment must be bonded to this common bus bar.
10	Lightning Rod (Refer to the section Lightning rod, down conductor, and electrode .)	11	Down Conductor (Refer to the section Lightning rod, down conductor, and electrode .)
12	Lightning Rod Grounding Electrode (Refer to the sections Lightning rod, down conductor, and electrode and Separate grounding electrodes .)	13	Equipment Grounding Electrode (Refer to the section Separate grounding electrodes .)

Additional wiring guidelines

Maintain the physical separation distance between the Cat5e/Cat6 shielded Ethernet cable and high voltage/EMF sources. These are typical recommendations, but also refer to local electrical codes.

Voltage range	Minimum separation distance
For <600 VAC	50 mm (2 in.)
For >600 VAC and <3 kV	1.5 m (5 ft)
For >3 kV	3 m (10 ft)

Use shielded cables for alarms, audio, or any other connections when applicable.

Lightning rod, down conductor, and electrode

- Note that the lightning rod down conductor connects directly to the grounding electrode.

- Refer to NFPA 780, Class 1 & 2, UL96A, and to the equivalent code appropriate for the country/region.
- Follow the installation instructions of the lightning rod manufacturer.

Separate grounding electrodes

Some standards call for a common electrode for the equipment bus bar and the lightning rod. Refer to NFPA 780, Class 1 & 2, UL96A, and to the equivalent code appropriate for the country/region.

Metal pole grounding

If a metal pole is used, refer to NFPA 780, Class 1 & 2, UL96A, and to the equivalent code appropriate for the country/region.

Camera Housings and Mounts

- Use only mounts listed on the datasheet of the specific camera.
- Follow all grounding for the camera housings and mounts per the installation manual.

4.1

Grounding the parapet mount

How to ground the parapet mount

1. Install the parapet mount per Section 2.5 of the installation mount, except for the 3/8 inch bolt at the bottom of the mount.
2. Attach the grounded metal liquid tight conduit to the parapet and connected to an outdoor rated metal junction box. Install the junction box as close as possible to the opening at the bottom of the parapet mount. Note: If you can connect the suppressor to grounded metal liquid tight conduit, you can replace the junction box with an outdoor rated surge suppressor.
3. Attach the ground wire (stranded conductor, 8 AWG; labeled 3a in the figure that follows) to a grounding clamp conduit fitting that is connected to the metal conduit.
4. Stack the following onto one of the 3/8 inch bolts included with the pendant arm, using the sequence in the figure that follows (4a - 4c):
 - 3/8 inch split washer (labeled 4a in the figure that follows),
 - 3/8 inch ring terminal with the other end of the ground conductor crimped in it (labeled 4b in the figure that follows),
 - 3/8 inch flat washer (labeled 4c in the figure that follows)
5. Attach this stack to the bottom hole of the parapet mount. Do not tighten the bolt completely.
6. Install a surge suppressor if you did not already install one.
7. Put the Cat5e/Cat6 shielded Ethernet cable through a waterproof cable gland of the junction box (or the outdoor rated surge suppressor from step 2) to the sealed, shielded RJ45 connection of the surge suppressor.
8. Connect the ground of the surge suppressor per the manufacturer's installation manual.
9. Put the Cat5e/Cat6 shielded Ethernet cable from the output side of the surge suppressor through the parapet pipe.
10. Complete the installation of the AUTODOME pipe mount kit per sections 2.6 and 2.7 of the parapet mount installation guide.

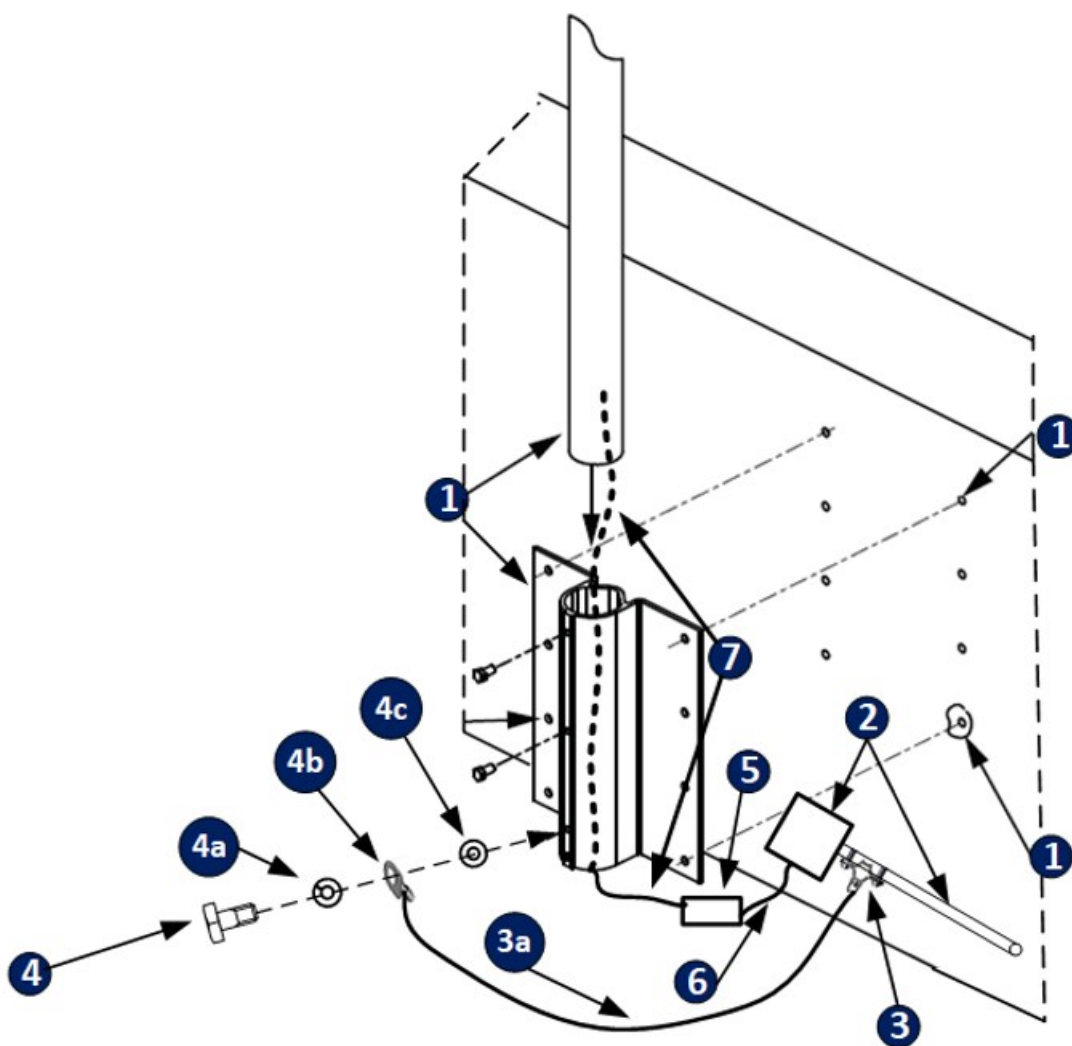


Figure 4.2: Grounding a parapet mount

5 Preparing the bubble

Bubble Handling

The bubble may be packaged with a protective plastic sheet. It is recommended that the bubble remain stored this way until it is ready to install. Limit handling the bubble, as any scratches can quickly affect visibility.

After you remove the bubble

- ▶ Visually examine the inner and the external surfaces of the bubble for debris, dirt, or residue. If you must clean the bubble, refer to the steps that follow for instructions.



Notice!

Risk of damage to the bubble

Handle the bubble with care. Do not scratch the inside of the bubble which doesn't have a hard coating.



Notice!

To avoid excessive moisture saturation inside the housing, limit the amount of time that the bubble is disconnected from the housing. We recommend that the bubble be removed from the housing for no more than five (5) minutes.

Bubble Cleaning

If cleaning the bubble is required, use the following procedures and comply with all the warnings listed below.

Cleaning the Bubble Interior

The extremely soft interior surface should not be cleaned by rubbing or dusting with a cloth. Use clean dry compressed air, preferably from a spray can, to remove any dust from the interior surface.



Warning!

Do not use alcohol-based solutions to clean the bubble. This will cause the surface to cloud and, over time, cause stress aging, which makes the bubble brittle.

Cleaning the Bubble Exterior

The exterior of the bubble is hard-coated for extra protection. If cleaning becomes necessary, only use cleaning solutions and cloths suitable for cleaning safety glass lenses. Dry the bubble thoroughly with a dry nonabrasive cloth to prevent water spots. Never scrub the bubble with any abrasive material or cleaners.

We recommend cleaning the exterior of the bubble with NOVUS "No. 1" Plastic Clean & Shine (or equivalent), according to manufacturer's instructions. Refer to www.novuspolish.com to order or to find a local distributor.

Cautions

- Do not clean bubbles in the hot sun or on very hot days.
- Do not use abrasive or highly alkaline cleaners on the bubble.
- Do not scrape the bubble with razor blades or other sharp instruments.
- Do not use Benzene, Gasoline, Acetone, or Carbon Tetrachloride on the bubble.

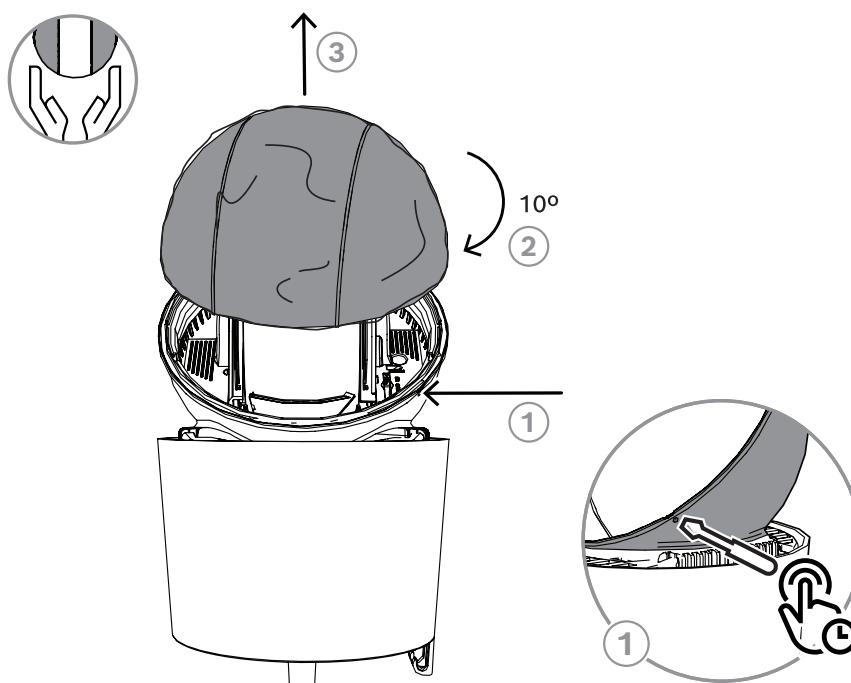
6 (Optional) Installing an SD card / a microSD card

**Notice!**

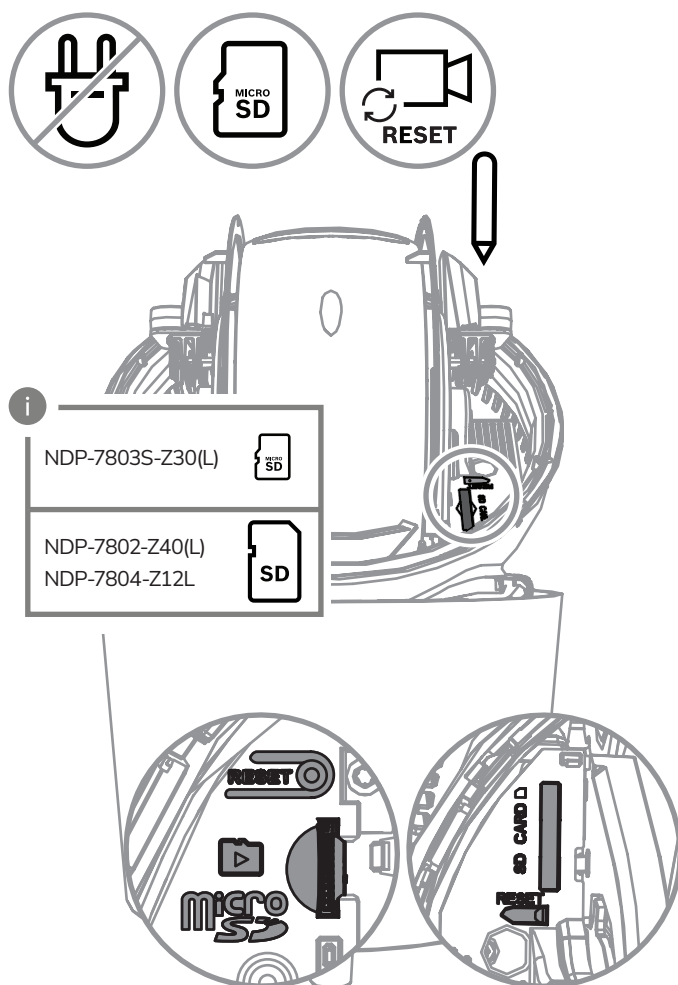
Risk of damage to the bubble

Handle the bubble with care. Do not scratch the inside of the bubble which doesn't have a hard coating.

1. Push a small (< 3 mm), non-metal tool with a flat edge (user-supplied) through the hole on the housing (indicated by number 1 on the graphic that follows) to release the latch that holds the bubble on the housing.
2. Hold and twist on the space on the camera that releases the latch to hold the bubble to the housing until the bubble starts to rotate, as in number one in the graphic that follows.
3. Turn the bubble clockwise 10 degrees while pressing the tool against the button.
4. Remove the tool as soon as the bubble starts to rotate.
5. Lift the bubble off the camera.



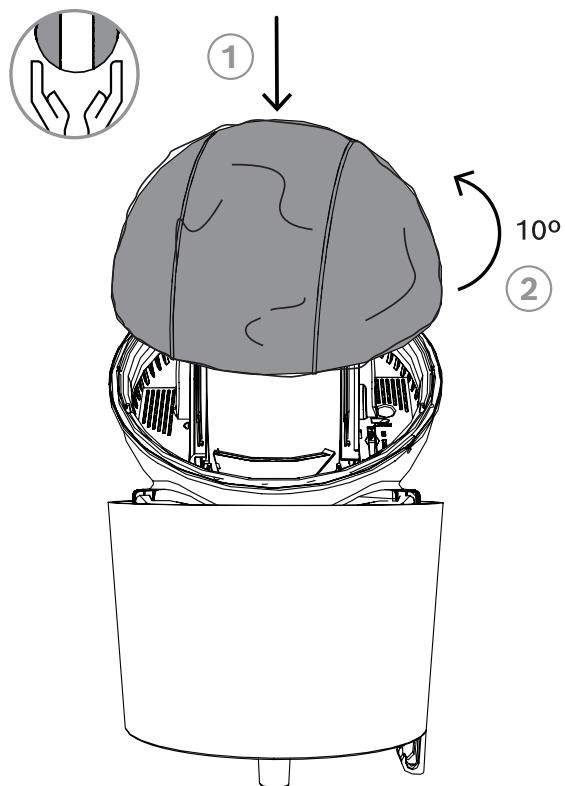
6. Insert the card into the slot.
Note: Do not force the card into the slot. If the card does not go in, the card may be backwards.
7. Using a non-metal tool (not supplied) with a flat edge, push down on the card until it locks into position.



8. Put the bubble on the camera unit with the “gate” side, which has a small green sticker, oriented upwards toward the white metal sunshield, which has the Bosch name and logo printed on it.
9. Align the green sticker on the bubble with the appropriate slot on the camera housing. The other side of the bubble is the vent side, which is smooth, clear, and one continuous visible line.
10. Note that the plastic film that covers and protects the bubble may still be on the bubble. If so, make sure to keep the plastic film from catching in the bubble joint.



1. Turn the bubble counterclockwise 10 degrees until it locks into position.



7 Installing a wall mount plate (NDA-U-WMP)

The wall mount plate can attach directly to a wall or to a pole mount.

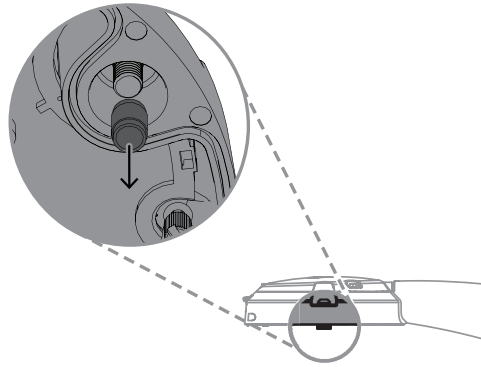
Make sure that the cables are long enough to reach through the mount and the mounting cap of the camera to the connections from the camera.

Install the plate directly to a wall

1. Use the wall mount plate as a template to mark on the wall where to install the mounting screws (and anchors (user-supplied) if necessary) and to cut the hole for the cables.
2. Drill the holes for the mounting screws.
3. Insert four (4) wall anchors (user-supplied) (if necessary).
4. Drill the hole for the cables to pass through to the camera.
5. Attach the back of the wall mount plate directly to the wall using the four (4) mounting screws.

Complete installation

1. Attach the mount to the mounting plate.



2. Put the two (2) mounting screws into the appropriate spaces in the front of the mount to attach the mount to the mounting plate.
3. Tighten the screws to 10-12 Nm.

8 Installing a mount power supply box (wall, mast (pole), and corner mounts)

Note: Our wall, mast (pole), and corner mounts are only guaranteed to work with our power supplies. Before mounting the Power Supply Box, decide if you should wire the box through the holes in the bottom or back of the box. If wiring the box through the back, move the two (2) seal plugs to the bottom through the holes before mounting.



Notice!

Use ¾ inch (20 mm) NPS fittings for the holes on the bottom and back of the box. Use ½ inch (15 mm) NPS fittings for the side holes.

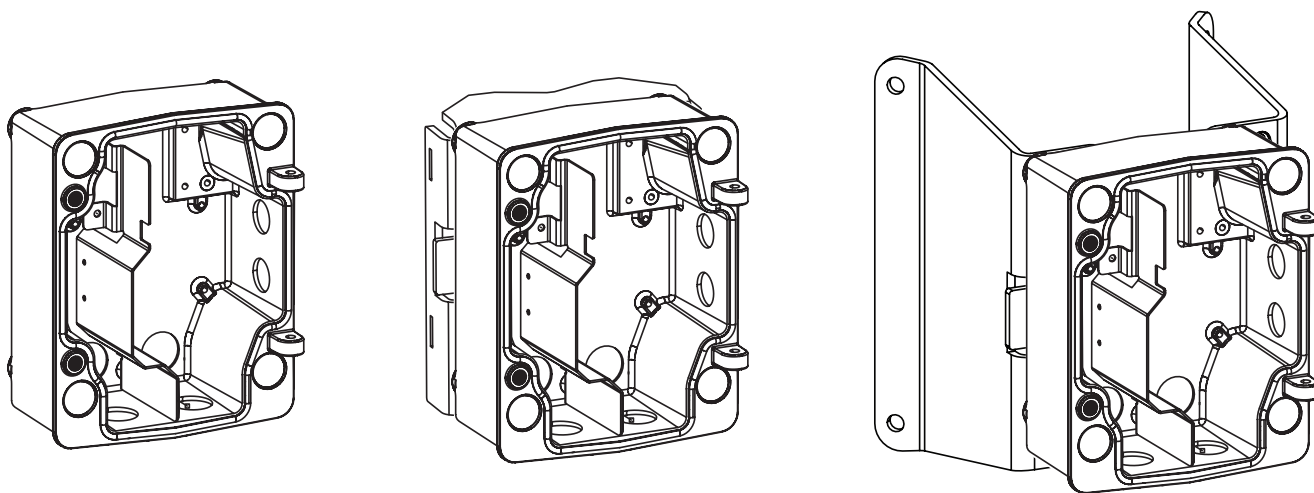


Figure 8.1: Power Supply Wall, Mast (pole), and Corner Mounts

1. Use the wall mount template supplied in the packaging box to locate the four (4) mounting holes for the power supply box.
2. Drill four holes for the mounting anchors. If installing outdoors, apply a weatherproof sealant around each hole at the mounting surface.



Warning!

A stud diameter of 6.4 mm (1/4 inch) to 8 mm (5/16 inch) able to withstand a 120 kg (265 lb) pull-out force is recommended. The mounting material must be able to withstand this pull out force. For example, 19 mm (3/4 inch) minimum for plywood.

3. Secure the Power Supply Box to the mounting surface.
 - For a Wall installation: Use four (4) corrosion-resistant, stainless steel studs (not supplied). Then proceed to Step 5.
 - For a Corner installation: Secure the Corner Plate to the wall corner using four (4) studs (not included). Then proceed to Step 5.
 - For a Mast or a pole installation: The metal straps included with the Mast mount accommodate a pole with a diameter of 4-15 inch (100-380 mm). You must use a banding tool (sold separately) for a mast or pole installation. Follow the instructions provided with the banding tool to mount the Mast Plate to the pole. Contact your sales representative to order the Banding Tool (TC9311PM3T).
4. Secure the Power Supply Box to the Corner Plate or Mast Plate using the four (4) 3/8 x1-3/4-inch bolts and split lock washers (supplied).

-
5. Attach 3/4-inch (20-mm) NPS watertight, earth-grounded conduit pipe fittings (not supplied) to the bottom or back holes of the Power Supply Box through which you will run the power, video, and control data wires.
-

**Warning!**

Type and source of hazard

For units intended to be installed outdoors: All wiring (power and I/O cabling) connecting to the units must be routed separately inside different permanently earthed metal conduits (not supplied).

Refer to Recommendations for 24 VAC Power Supply, page 51 **and** Compatible 24 VAC Power Supplies, page 52.

9 Installing a pendant arm mount

**Notice!**

Risk of water ingress

If you:

- remove a camera from its mount but do not replace it promptly, or
 - install the mount but do not install the camera immediately,
- then you must remove the PCB from the mount to avoid moisture or water ingress and potential corrosion.

**Notice!**

Risk of damage to the camera

When you install the camera, you must attach the camera to the mount and tighten all screws before you apply power (PoE and/or 24 VAC $\pm$ 10%/ 36 VDC $\pm$ 10%) to the mount (pendant arm mount or pipe mount).

When you want to disconnect a camera from the mount, you must disconnect all live power (PoE and/or 24 VAC $\pm$ 10%/ 36 VDC $\pm$ 10%) from the mount before you remove the camera from the mount.

**Notice!**

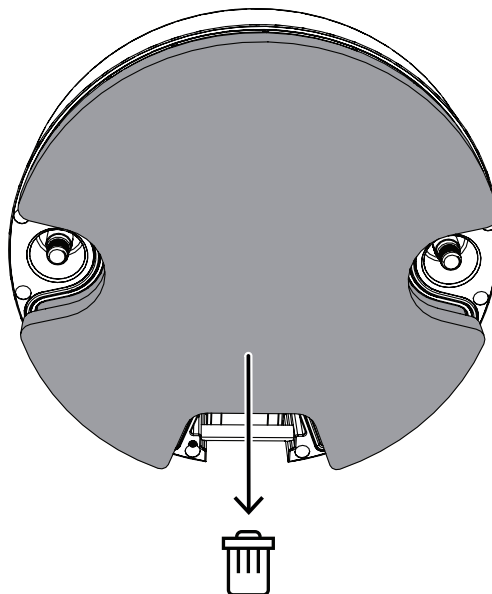
Risk of permanent damage to the camera

The interface board connects only one way to the camera. Make sure that when you install it in the mount (arm or pipe mount), you install it the correct way.

**Notice!**

Risk of leakage

When you put the top cap onto the mount again, make sure that the safety tether is attached and put completely inside the product. For the product to be fully IP66-rated, the tether must be put completely inside.



1. Make the appropriate connections for PoE, 24VAC $\pm$ 10%/36VDC $\pm$ 10%, alarms, audio.

Note:

- For non-IR models: If you connect fiber to the camera, then connect only 24 VAC $\pm$ 10% or 36VDC $\pm$ 10% power input to the camera. **Do not connect PoE.**
- For IR models: If you connect fiber to the camera, connect PoE, but do not connect the Ethernet cable. Alternately power the camera with 36VC $\pm$ 10% power or 24 VAC $\pm$ 10% from a third-party power supply. See *Recommendations for 24 VAC Power Supply*, page 51.

9.1 Attaching the pendant arm to the NDA-PEND-WPLATE

To the NDA-PEND-WPLATE mounting plate:

Note: Use proper grommets to guarantee an IP66 rating.

1. Connect the back of the pendant arm to the NDA-PEND-WPLATE mounting plate, as in the figure that follows.

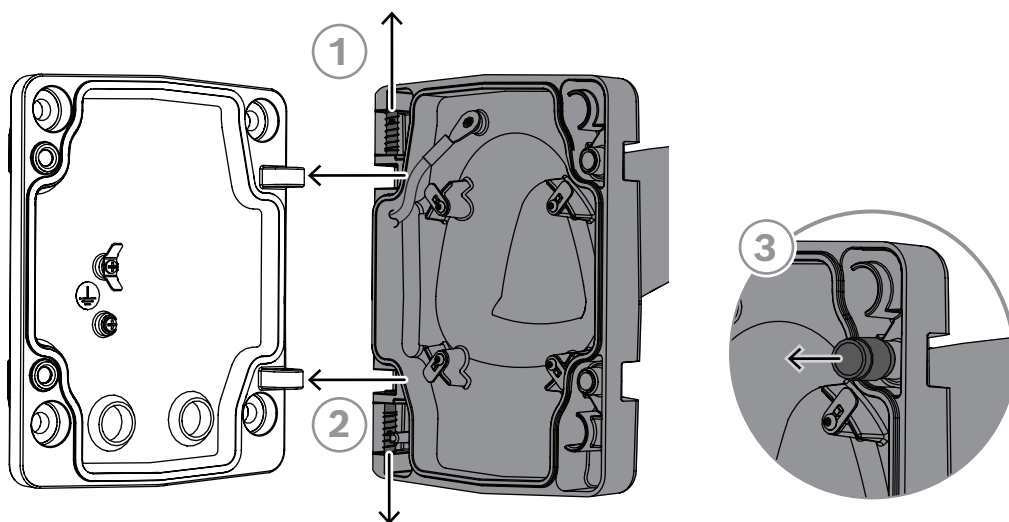
Note: Use liquid-tight, electrically grounded conduit in order to maintain the IP66 rating, and so that the metal conduit is connected electrically to the NDA-PEND-WPLATE mounting plate.



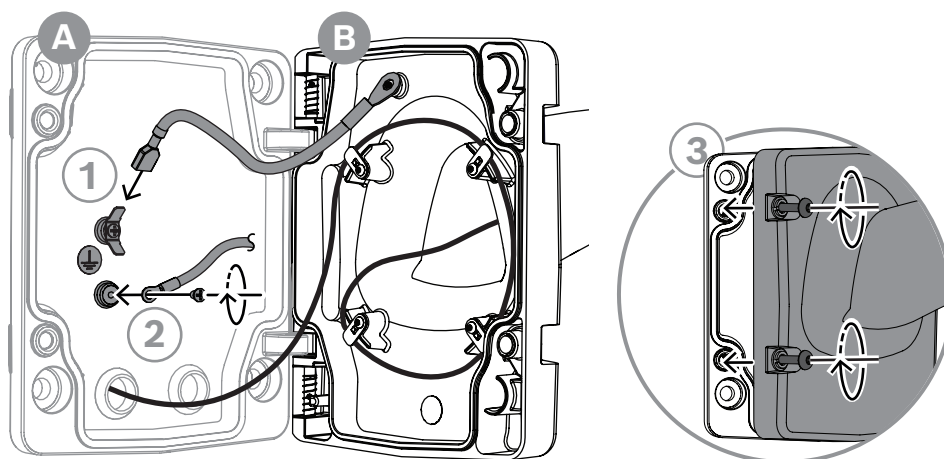
Caution!

Pinch hazard

Keep fingers, other body parts, and all cables/wires out of the gap where the pendant arm and the mount join.



2. Put the appropriate cables for power, video, alarms, and audio through one of the access holes in the wall mounting plate.
3. Use a screwdriver to install a grounding screw on the grounding connection point on the wall mount plate, then connect the ground wire, as in the figure that follows.
4. Tighten the screws to 10-12 Nm.



To connect the camera to the wall arm and 24 VAC PSU Kits (NDA-7100-PA0H | NDA-7100-PA0HF | NDA-7100-PA1H | NDA-7100-PA1HF | NDA-7100-PA2H | NDA-7100-PA2HF):

Note: Use proper grommets to guarantee an IP66 rating.



Danger!

High voltage. Risk of electric shock.

For the 120 VAC and 230 VAC models of the 24 VAC power supplies NDA-U-PSU1H and NDA-U-PSU2H with 120 VAC or 230 VAC transformers: Route only 120 VAC / 230 VAC wiring and Earth ground through the conduit holes in the high-voltage section of the power supply models.

Do not route any other wires through the high-voltage section of the power supply.



Warning!

Risk of injury or death

Serious injury or death can occur if the hinge pins of the pendant arm are not fully engaged (locked) to the power supply box. Exercise caution before releasing the pendant arm.

1. Tighten the screws to 10-12 Nm.
2. Make the appropriate connections for PoE, 24VAC $\pm 10\%$ / 36VDC $\pm 10\%$, alarms, audio.

Note:

- For non-IR models: If you connect fiber to the camera, then connect only 24 VAC $\pm 10\%$ or 36VDC $\pm 10\%$ power input to the camera. **Do not connect PoE.**

- For IR models: If you connect fiber to the camera, connect PoE, but do not connect the Ethernet cable. Alternately power the camera with 36VDC $\pm 10\%$ power or 24 VAC $\pm 10\%$ from a third-party power supply. See *Recommendations for 24 VAC Power Supply*, page 51.

For audio and/or alarm inputs/outputs (I/O):

1. On the mount on the camera side, connect the drain wire of the Belden cable (or similar cable) to chassis ground and grounded metal box.



Notice!

Notice

Use shielded twisted pair wire for all the connections such as a Belden cable with a foil shield:

One shielded cable for 24VAC or 36VDC and GND

2nd shielded cable for

- ALARM1 and DGND
- ALARM 2 and DGND
- RELAY-NO and RELAY-COM
- RELAY-NC and RELAY-COM
- AUDIO-IN+ and AUDIO-IN-
- AUDIO-OUT+ and AUDIO-OUT-

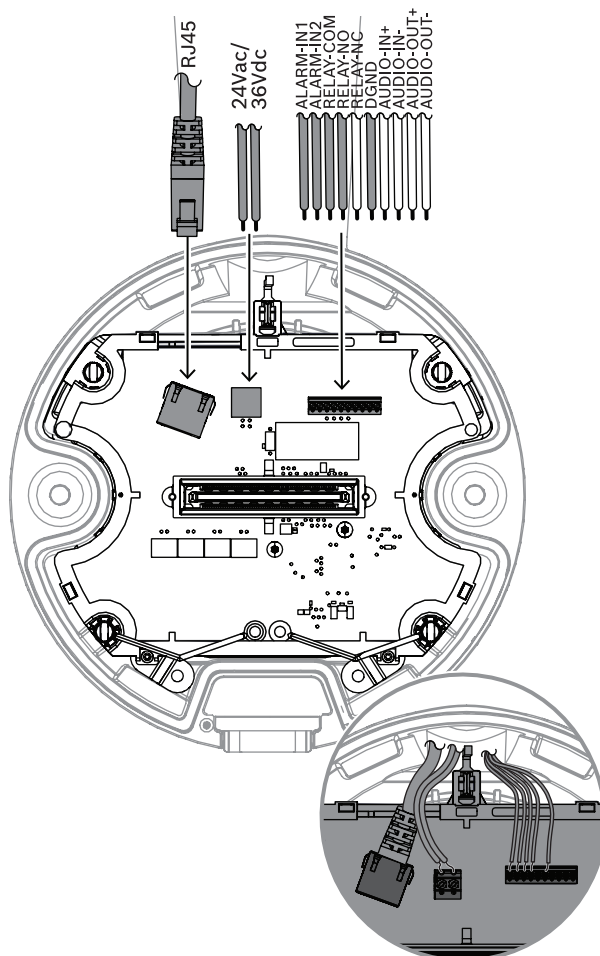


Notice!

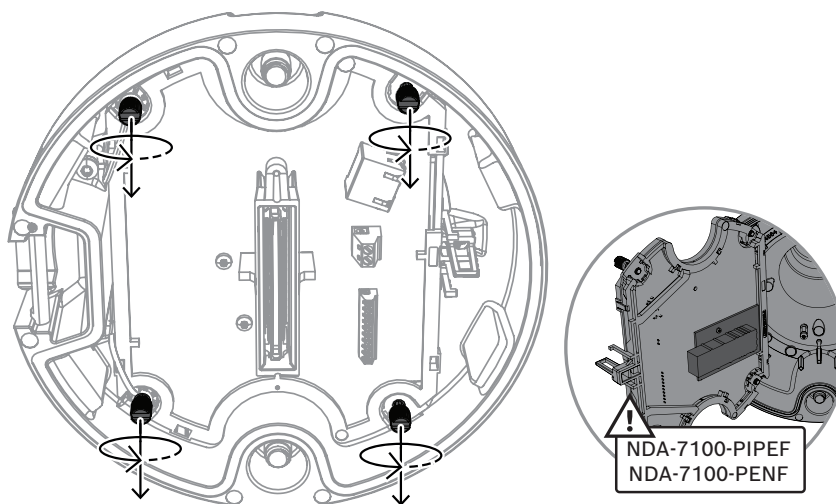
Notice

The foil shield of the above two cables should be connected to the chassis ground

2. Connect the other end of the drain wire to a grounded metal box that contains the audio and alarm equipment that supports electrically grounded conduit.



3. If you do not install fiber, skip to step 16.
To install fiber, complete the next steps.
4. Remove the three (3) screws from the top cap to access the fiber connection.
5. Pull the top cap off the mount.

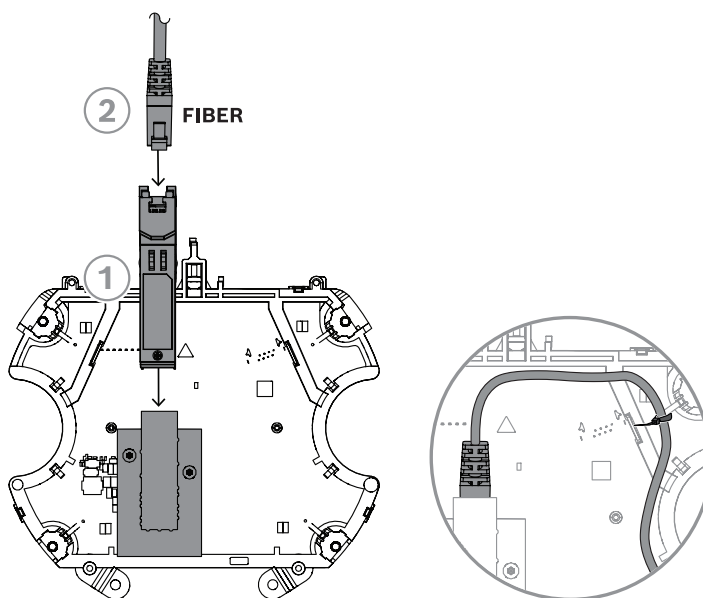


6. Install the SFP module into the fiber port on the top of the mount. Push the SFP module into the port until you hear the catch engage.
Note: Ethernet communication is disabled when an SFP module is plugged into a fiber mount (NDA-7100-PENF or NDA-7100-PIPEF).

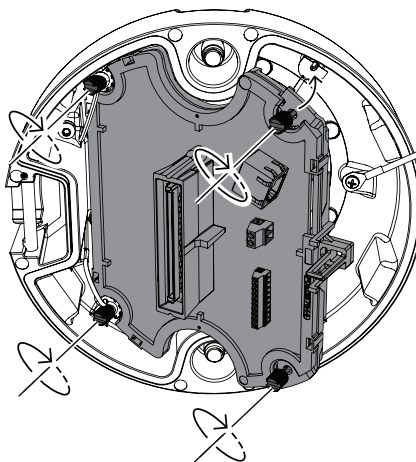
7. Connect fiber optic cable to the SFP module.

**Notice!**

Hotplugging is not allowed for SFP fiber module. Power must be removed from the camera before plugging in an SFP module.



8. Put the top cap onto the mount.
9. Put the three (3) screws back into the top cap.
10. Tighten the screws.

**Notice!**

Risk of permanent damage to the camera

The interface board connects only one way to the camera. Make sure that when you install it in the mount (arm or pipe mount), you install it in the correct way like shown in the above picture.

9.2

Attaching the pendant arm to the 24VAC power box

Note: Use proper grommets to guarantee an IP66 rating.

1. Connect the PSU to the back of the pendant wall arm, as in the figure that follows.
Note: Use liquid-tight, electrically grounded conduit in order to maintain the IP66 rating, and so that the metal conduit is connected electrically to the power supply box.
2. The bottom hinge pin of the Pendant wall arm is provided with a Hinge Pin Stop to hold the hinge open while attaching the wall arm to the power supply box. Compress the bottom hinge pin by pushing the pin lever downward and rotating it behind the Hinge Pin Stop.
3. Open the top hinge by pushing its pin level up and holding it.

**Danger!**

High voltage. Risk of electric shock.

For the 120 VAC and 230 VAC models of the 24 VAC power supplies NDA-U-PSU1H and NDA-U-PSU2H with 120 VAC or 230 VAC transformers: Route only 120 VAC / 230 VAC wiring and Earth ground through the conduit holes in the high-voltage section of the power supply models. Do not route any other wires through the high-voltage section of the power supply.

**Notice!**

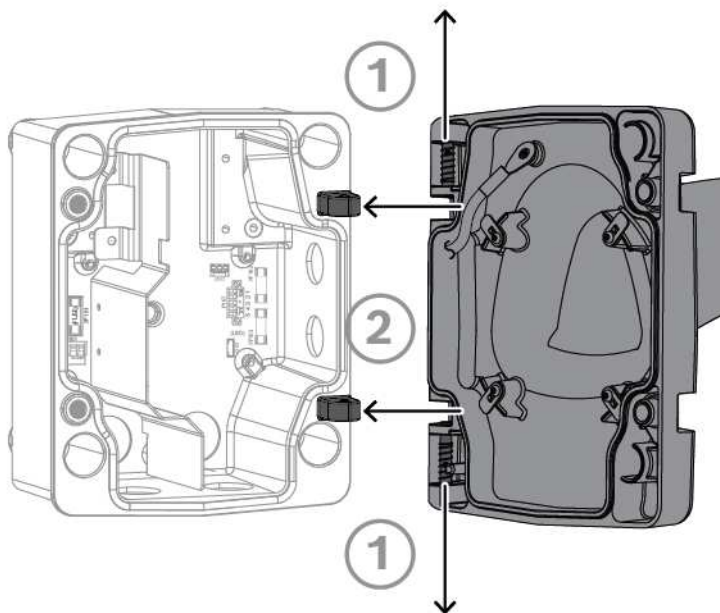
Both Hinge Pins must be fully compressed to open (unlock) the hinges of the Pendant Arm and before proceeding to the next step.

4. While continuing to hold the top hinge pin open, align the top and bottom hinges of the Pendant Arm to their mating points on the Power Supply Box. See graphic.

**Caution!**

Pinch hazard

Keep fingers, other body parts, and all cables/wires out of the gap where the pendant arm and the mount join.



5. Once the hinges are aligned, release the top hinge pin to engage its mating hinge on the power box.
6. Release the bottom hinge pin from the Hinge Pin Stop to lock the Pendant Arm to the Power Supply Box.

**Warning!**

Risk of injury or death

Serious injury or death can occur if the hinge pins of the pendant arm are not fully engaged (locked) to the power supply box. Exercise caution before releasing the pendant arm.

7. Put the appropriate cables for power, video, alarms, and audio through one of the access holes in the power supply box.
8. Use a screwdriver to install a grounding screw on the grounding connection point in the power supply box, then connect the ground wire, as in the figure that follows.
9. Tighten the screws to 10-12 Nm.
10. Make the appropriate connections for PoE, 24VAC $\pm$ 10%/36VDC $\pm$ 10%, alarms, audio.

Note:

- For non-IR models: If you connect fiber to the camera, then connect only 24 VAC $\pm$ 10% or 36VDC $\pm$ 10% power input to the camera. **Do not connect PoE.**
- For IR models: If you connect fiber to the camera, connect PoE, but do not connect the Ethernet cable. Alternately power the camera with 36VC $\pm$ 10% power or 24 VAC $\pm$ 10% from a third-party power supply. See *Recommendations for 24 VAC Power Supply*, page 51.

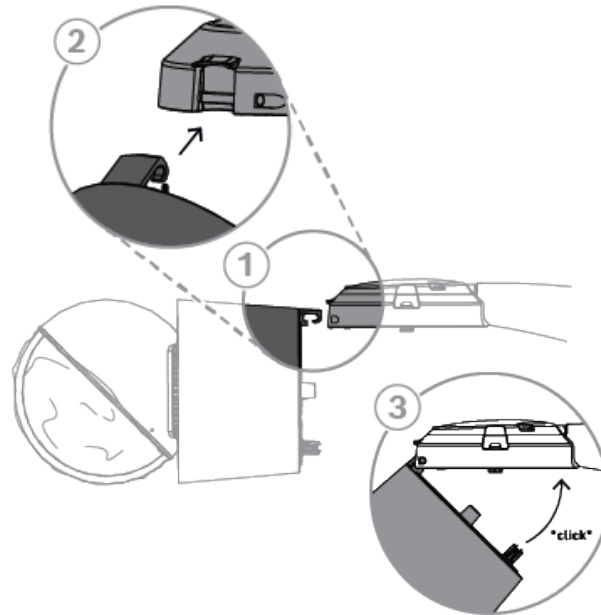
9.3 Attaching the camera to the pendant arm

1. Attach the hook of the camera to the pin on the mount.
2. Tilt the camera until you connect the camera to the mount.

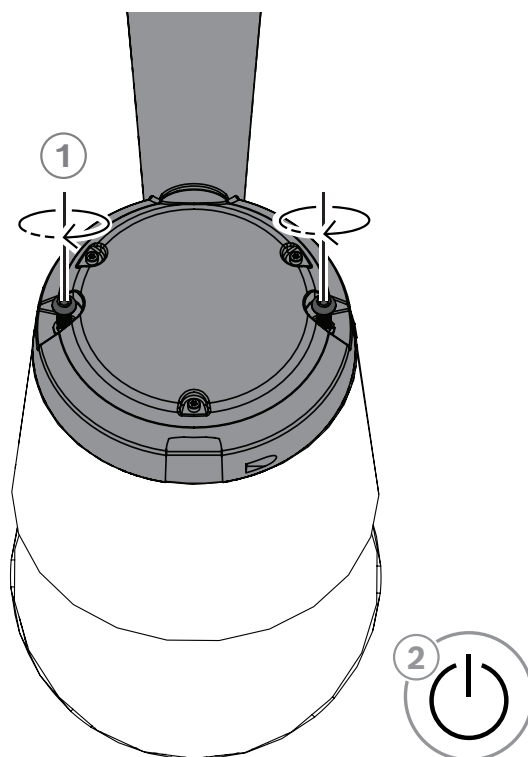
**Caution!**

Pinch hazard

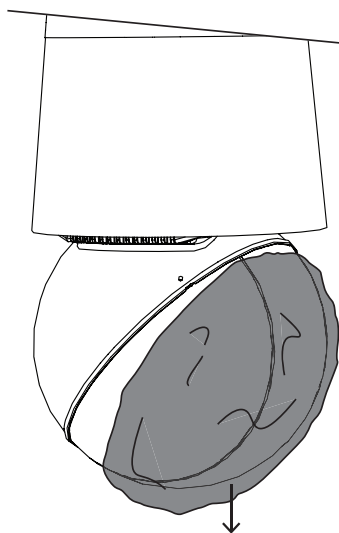
Keep fingers, other body parts, and cables/wires out of the gap where the camera and the mount join.



3. Tighten the screws to 10-12 Nm.
4. Perform all the connections mentioned in the Connection section.
5. Apply power.



6. Remove the protective plastic sheet from the bubble. Installation is complete.



10 Installing a pipe mount

**Notice!**

Risk of water ingress

If you:

- remove a camera from its mount but do not replace it promptly, or
 - install the mount but do not install the camera immediately,
- then you must remove the PCB from the mount to avoid moisture or water ingress and potential corrosion.
-

**Notice!**

Risk of damage to the camera

When you install the camera, you must attach the camera to the mount and tighten all screws before you apply power (PoE and/or 24 VAC $\pm$ 10% / 36 VDC $\pm$ 10%) to the mount (pendant arm mount or pipe mount).

When you want to disconnect a camera from the mount, you must disconnect all live power (PoE and/or 24 VAC $\pm$ 10% / 36 VDC $\pm$ 10%) from the mount before you remove the camera from the mount.

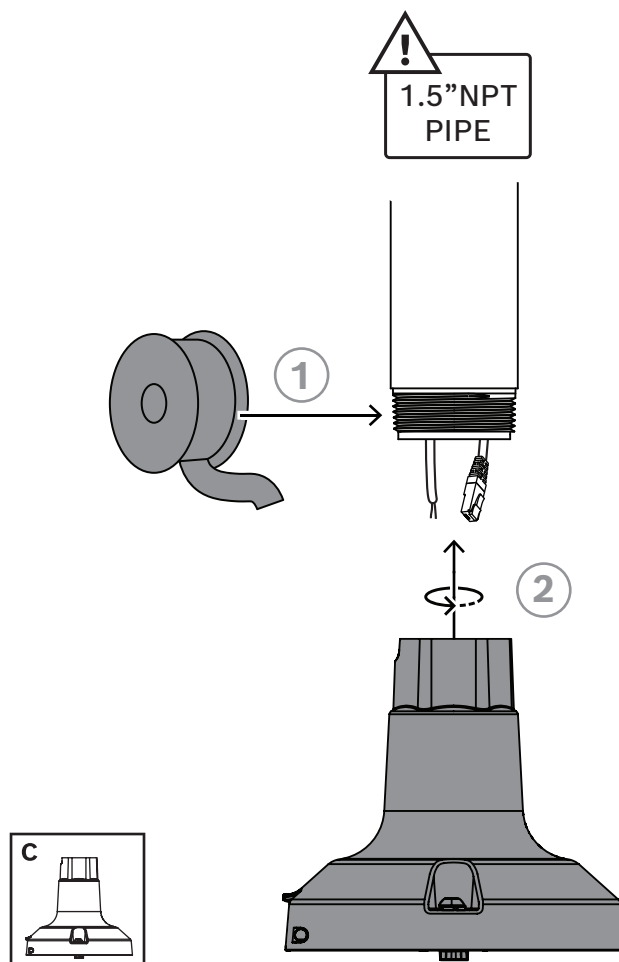
**Notice!**

Risk of permanent damage to the camera

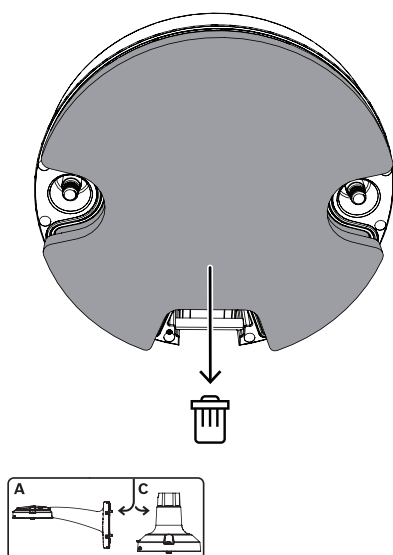
The interface board connects only one way to the camera. Make sure that when you install it in the mount (arm or pipe mount), you install it the correct way.

Note: Use proper grommets to guarantee an IP66 rating.

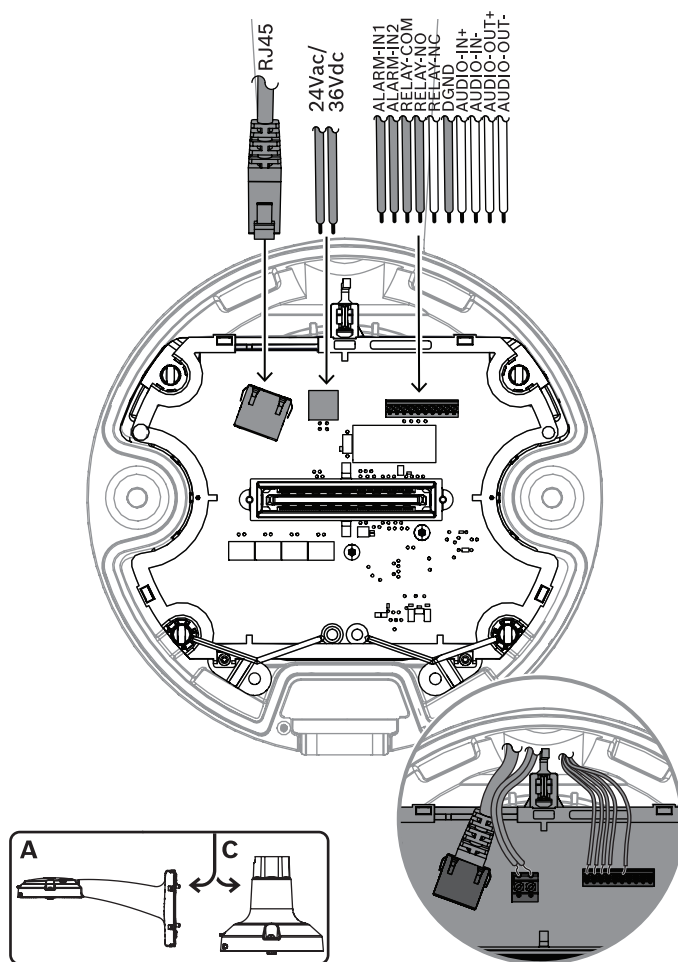
1. To make a watertight seal, wrap PTFE tape (supplied with the pipe mount) four (4) times around the threads at the end of the mount.



2. Put the appropriate cables for power, video, alarms, and audio through one of the access holes in the wall mounting plate.



3. Make the appropriate connections for PoE (only if **not** using fiber), 24VAC $\pm$ 10%/36VDC $\pm$ 10%, alarms, and audio. If you connect fiber to the camera, then connect only 24VAC/36VDC power input to the camera. Do not connect PoE.

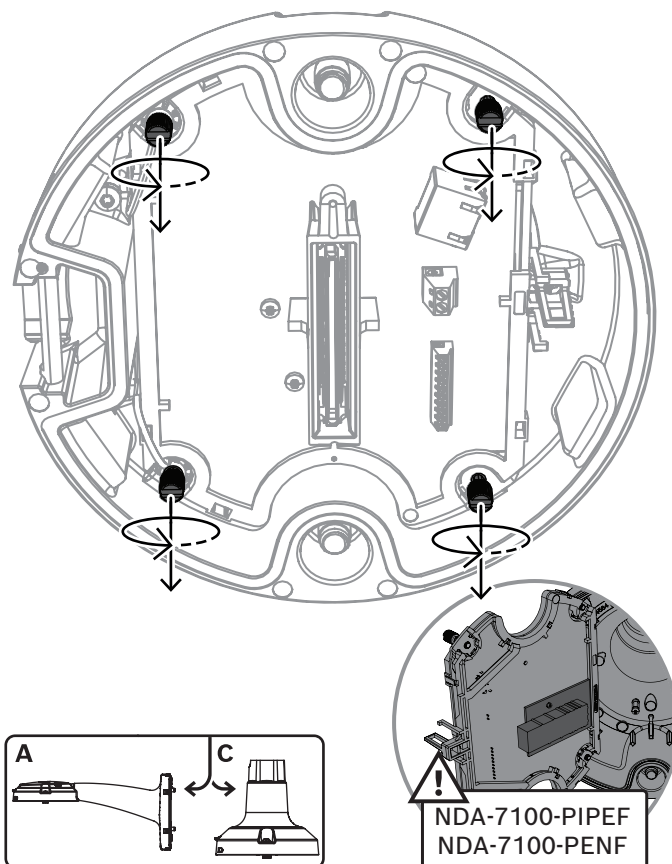


Note: Add a tie wrap between the Ethernet cable and 24VAC/36VDC wires to prevent the black plastic hook from pressing on the sun shield.

For audio and/or alarm inputs/outputs (I/O):

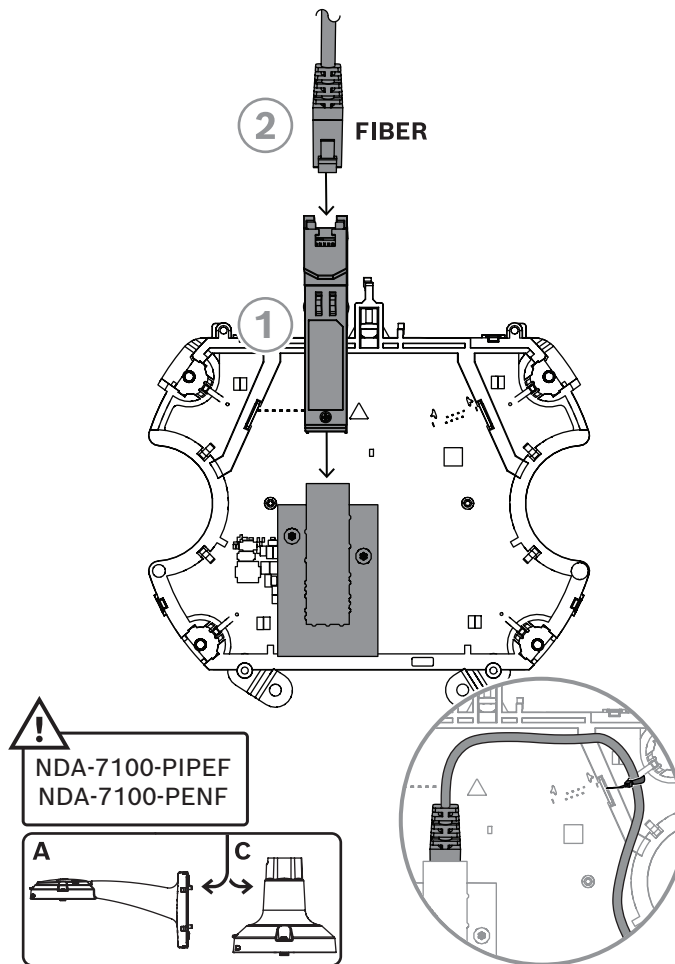
- On the mount on the camera side, connect the drain wire of the Belden cable (or similar cable) to chassis ground and grounded metal box.
- Connect the other end of the drain wire to a grounded metal box that supports electrically grounded conduit.

4. To install fiber, complete the four (4) steps that follow. For all other installations, skip to step 8. First, remove the screws from the bottom of the pipe mount.



5. Install the SFP module into the fiber port in the mount. Push the SFP module into the port until you hear the catch engage. Note: Ethernet communication is disabled when an SFP module is installed in a fiber mount (NDA-7100-PENF or NDA-7100-PIPEF).

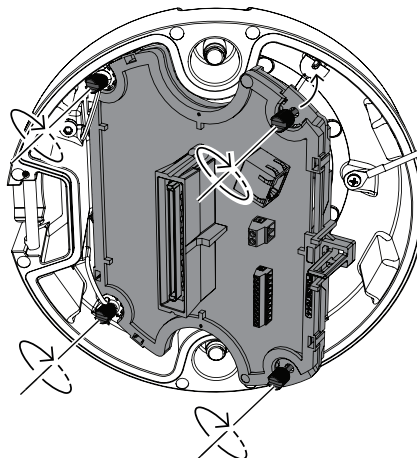
6. Connect fiber optic cable to the SFP module.



Notice!

Hotplugging is not allowed for SFP fiber module. Power must be removed from the camera before plugging in an SFP module.

7. Tighten the screws.



8. Attach the hook of the camera to the pin on the mount.

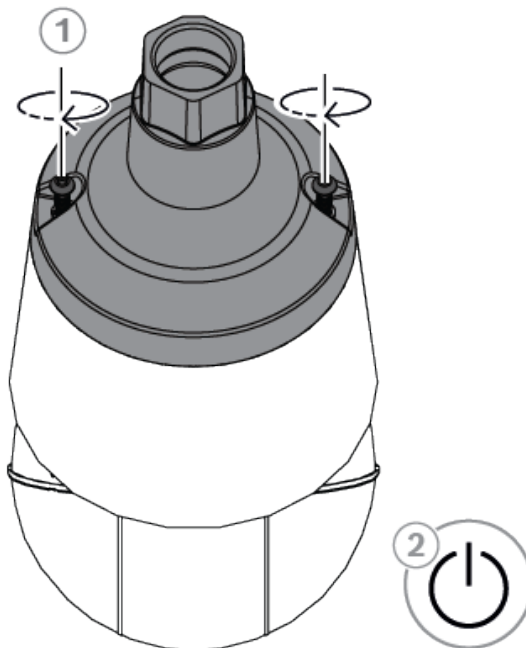
9. Tilt the camera until you connect the camera to the mount.

**Caution!**

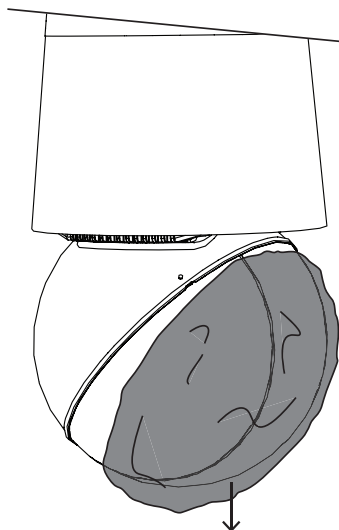
Pinch hazard

Keep fingers, other body parts, and cables/wires out of the gap where the camera and the mount join.

10. Tighten the top cap screws.
11. Tighten the screws to 10-12 Nm.
12. Apply power.



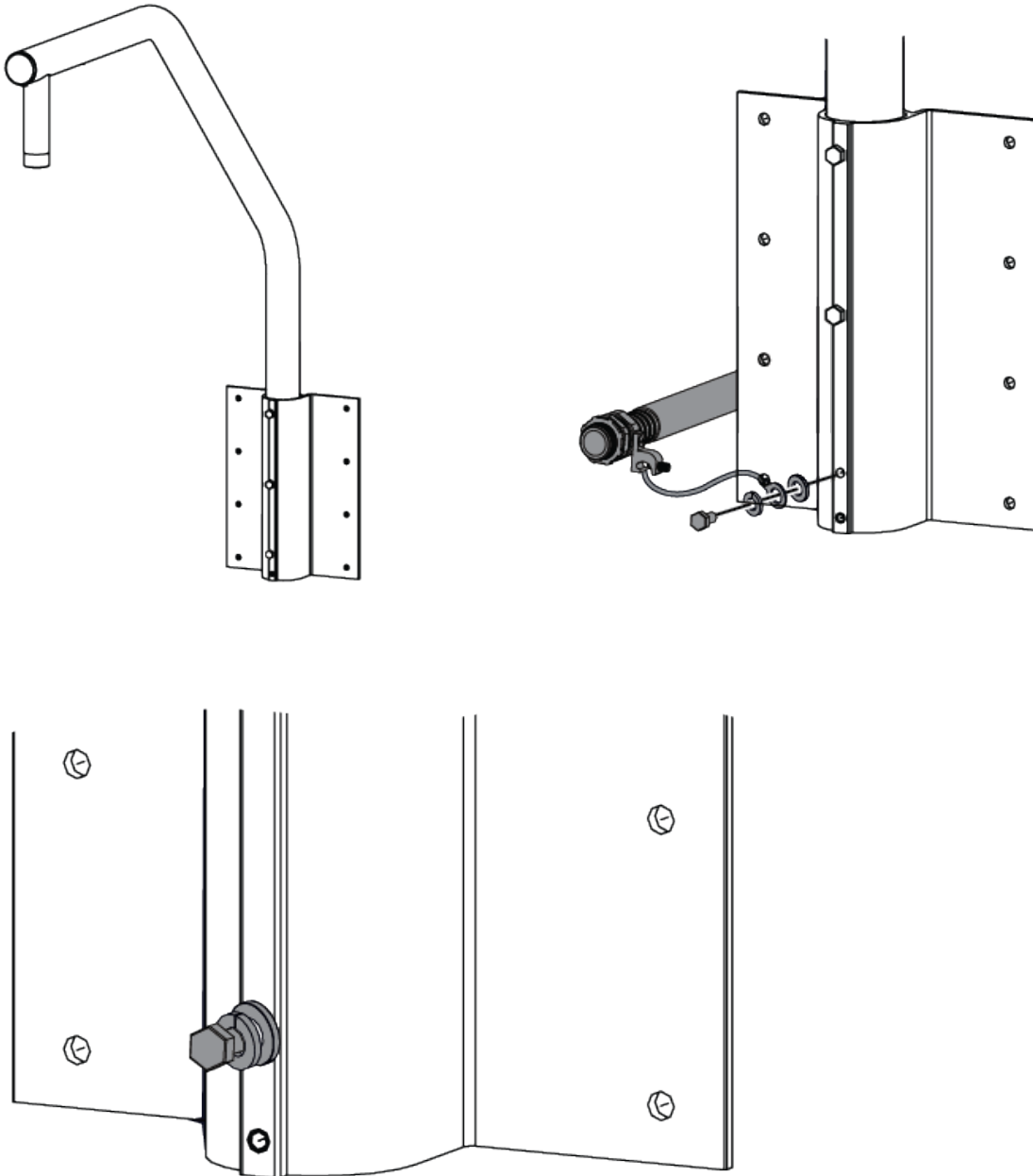
13. Remove the protective plastic sheet from the bubble. Installation is complete.



10.1 Installing a pipe mount onto a NDA-U-RMT with grounded conduit

Note: When installing the NDA-U-RMT mount, electrically grounded, liquid tight metal conduit must be used with extra grounding.

1. Make ground wire using a 12 AWG stranded wire that is soldered to a 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) ring terminal on one end and is bare copper on the other end. Note: The length of the wire should be 150 to 200 mm (6 to 8 inches) long.
2. Add the 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) flat washer, ring terminal of the custom ground wire and the 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) split washer to the bottommost bolt on the NDA-U-RMT.



3. Pull all the wires that need to connect to the AUTODOME camera through the NDA-U-RMT pipe and then through 3/4-inch (19 mm) electrically conductive, liquid tight metal conduit. Note: To minimize the amount of unprotected cables, make sure the conduit is 50 to 100 mm (2 to 4 inches) from the open end of the pipe at the bottom of the NDA-U-RMT.

4. Add a liquid tight, 3/4-inch (19 mm) metal conduit adapter fitting with a grounding lug to the end of the grounded conduit near the NDA-U-RMT.
5. Add a cable gland to seal around all the cables that exit the grounded conduit and enter the open pipe at the bottom of the NDA-U-RMT.
6. Seal the bottom of the NDA-U-RMT pipe around the cables as liquid tight as possible.
7. Attach the bare copper end of the ground wire to the grounding lug on the conduit fitting adapter.
8. Unscrew the bolt at the bottom of the NDA-U-RMT and add the 3/8" (9.5 mm) washer and the 3/8" (9.5 mm) ring terminal on the ground wire.
9. Make sure there is a low resistance measurement between the metal of the bolt head and the grounded metal conduit so that the electrical ground is connected between the NDA-U-RMT and the grounded metal conduit.
10. Make sure the installation is liquid tight.

Note: The length of wires that are exposed outside the grounded metal conduit and outside the NDA-U-RMT should be kept as short as possible.

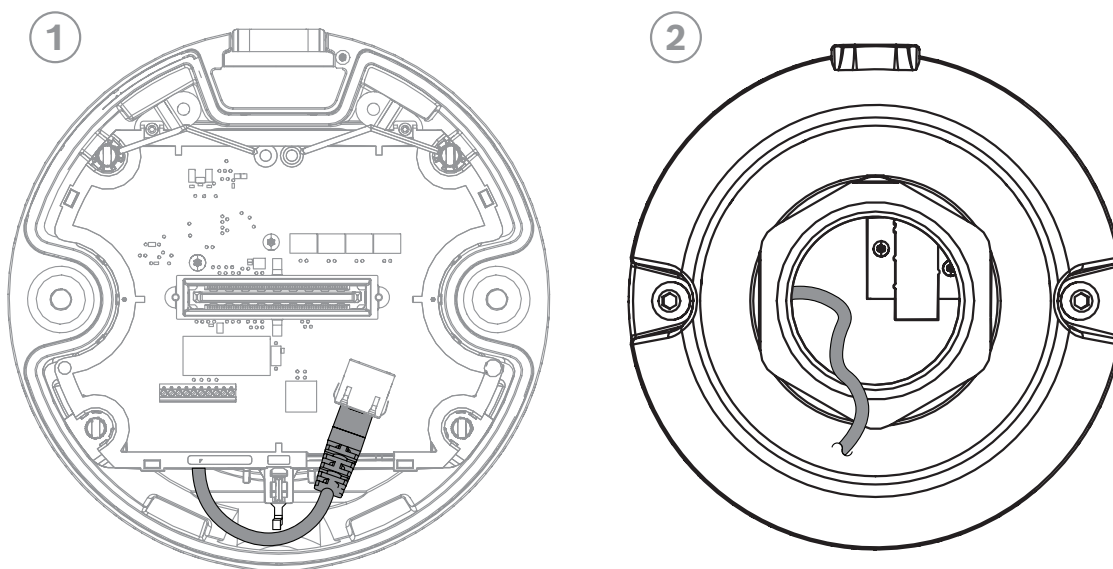


Warning!

DO NOT RELY ON THE GROUND WIRE TO SUPPORT THE WEIGHT OF THE GROUNDED CONDUIT.

The grounded conduit must be adequately supported by separate mounting hardware and not by the grounding wire.

10.2 Recommended routing of Ethernet cable through Pipe Mount



1 Bottom view of the pipe mount

2 Top view of the pipe mount

11 Connecting the AUTODOME camera to the PC

Note: For simplicity, the graphic in this section is only of the camera. The graphic does not show a mount that you may have installed already.

Note: Consult the National Electrical Code (NEC) or other regional standards for cable bundling requirements and limitations.

Note:

- Non-IR models: PoE midspan IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3, Class 6, 4 Pair Power (4PPOE) 60W at PSE (PoE midspan or PoE Ethernet switch) side, (51W at camera, also known as PD side) using a single-signature PD.
- IR models: PoE midspan IEEE 802.3bt, Type 4, Class 8, 4 Pair Power (4PPOE) 90W at PSE (PoE midspan or PoE Ethernet switch) side, (71.3W at camera, also known as PD side) using a single-signature PD.

The camera connects to a network either directly or through a hub. Video, optional audio input, optional audio output, and control are transmitted over a standard TCP/IP network using the built-in Web server. In addition, power can be supplied over the Ethernet cable using one of our midspans (IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (Class 6/8)) (sold separately).

Power can also be supplied over the Ethernet cable and using PoE+ + PSEs (midspans or switches) compliant with the IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (Class 6/8) standard.

24 VAC / 36 VDC power source: This unit is intended to operate at 24 VAC or 36 VDC (if PoE is not available or if redundant power operation is desired). User-supplied wiring must be in compliance with electrical codes (IEC 62368-1 Limited Power Source).

PoE: Use only approved PoE (IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (Class 6/8) devices. Power-over-Ethernet can be connected at the same time as a 24 VAC / 36 VDC power supply. If auxiliary power (24 VAC / 36 VDC) and PoE are applied simultaneously, the camera selects PoE and stops auxiliary input.



Warning!

The product must be supplied only by an external power supply that is a certified Class 2 or Limited Power Source (LPS) supply.



Warning!

Use only approved PoE devices that meet the IEEE 802.3bt, Type3/4 (Class 6/8) standard.

Use only approved PoE devices to provide power to the camera, if not using 24 VAC.

When powering the camera via PoE or a midspan device, additional surge suppression is required.

Use only IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (Class 6/8) devices that support electrically grounded conduit with watertight seals unless the midspan is included in an electrically grounded cabinet that supports this capability.

- ▶ Install the camera according to the instructions in the appropriate Installation section of this manual.



Caution!

Cat5e/Cat6 shielded Ethernet cables must be routed through earth-grounded, liquid-tight conduit capable of withstanding the outdoor environment.

- ▶ Connect an Ethernet cable from the RJ45 connector on the camera to any of the following:
 - a dedicated IEEE 802.3 1000Base-T or 100Base-TX Ethernet network switch, and then connect the dedicated network switch to the RJ45 connector on the PC, to bypass the Local Area Network (LAN). (See the top graphic in the first figure that follows.)

- a PC, using an Ethernet crossover cable with RJ45 connectors. (See the bottom graphic in the first figure that follows.)
- one of our midspans that meets the IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3/4 (60W/90W) standard (See the second figure that follows.)

Note: our midspans with IEEE 802.3at or IEEE 802.3af are **not** compatible.)

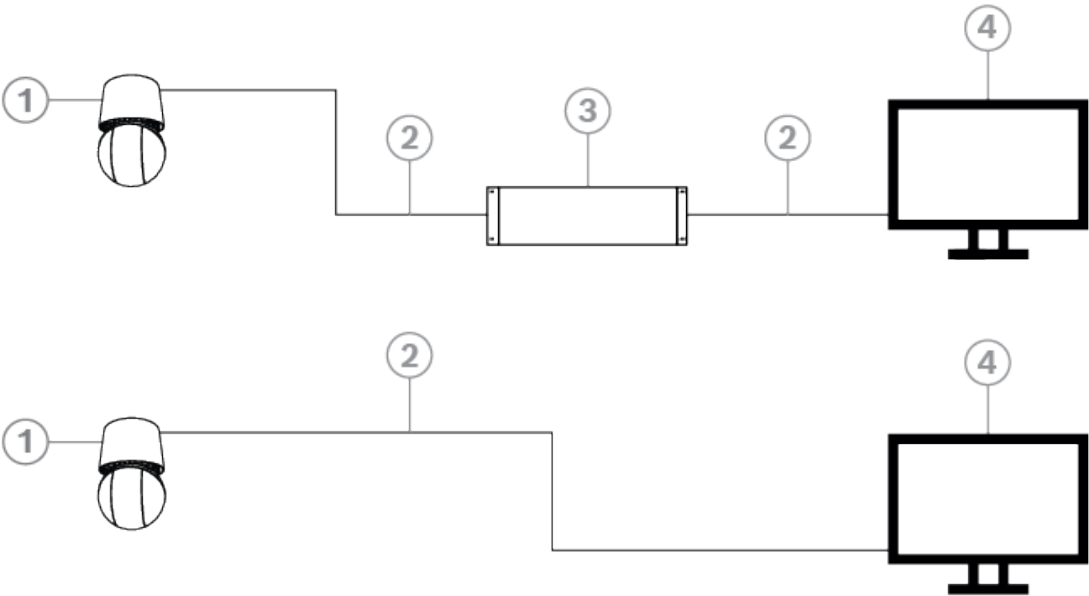


Figure 11.1: System Configuration with AUTODOME camera

1	AUTODOME camera
2	IP Connection
3	Network Switch
4	Computer

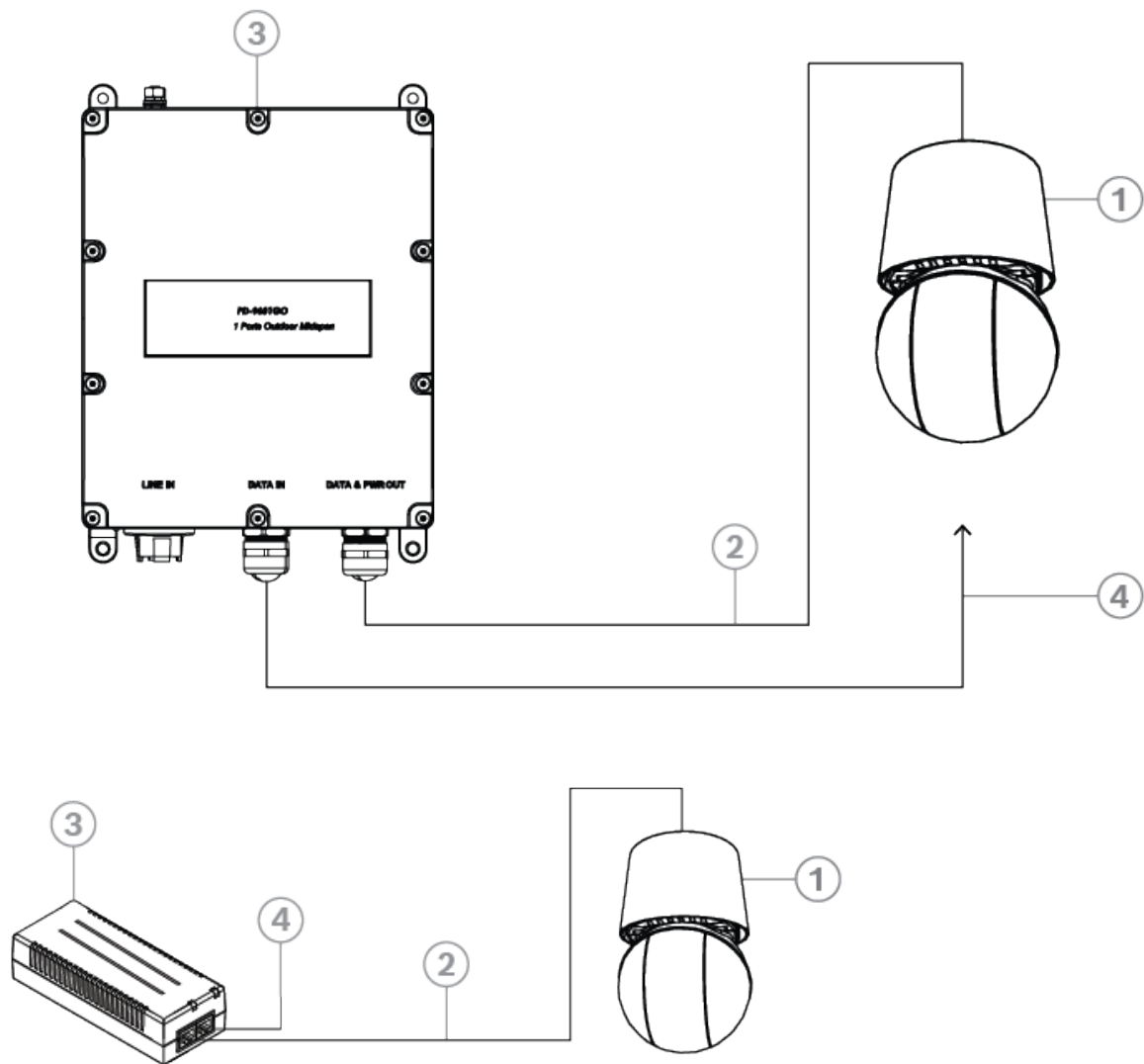


Figure 11.2: System Configuration: AUTODOME camera to midspan

1	AUTODOME camera
2	Midspan DATA & PWR OUT
3	IEEE 802.3bt Type 3/4 (Class 6/8) midspan
4	Midspan DATA IN (to Ethernet switch or test PC)

12 Power by midspan

12.1 Recommendations for third-party IEEE 802.3bt PoE Power Supply

We recommend the use of an IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3, Class 6 midspan for use with non-IR camera models and an IEEE 802.3bt, Type 4, Class 8 midspan for use with IR camera models.

By using the midspan, you make sure to meet all AUTODOME specifications and access to all features. Refer to *Connecting the AUTODOME camera to the PC*, page 46 for details.

In general, as long as the midspan meets the power requirements as in the table that follows, you can use these midspans:

- a third-party IEEE 802.3bt, Type 3, Class 6 compliant midspan or PSE with the AUTODOME 7100 non-IR camera models
- a third-party IEEE 802.3bt, Type 4, Class 8 compliant midspan or PSE with the AUTODOME 7100 IR camera models.

Refer to *Connecting the AUTODOME camera to the PC*, page 46 for details.

Model	Minimum current output required (Amps)			Minimum power output required (Watts)		
	24 VAC, 50/60 Hz	PoE 54 VDC	36 VDC	24 VAC, 50/60 Hz (PF = 0.6)	PoE 54 VDC	36 VDC
2MP (non-IR)	3	0.9	1.3	43.2	48.6	46.8
2MP IR, 4K IR	3.5	1.2	1.85	53	64.8	66.6



Warning!

The product must be supplied only by an external power supply that is a certified Class 2 or Limited Power Source (LPS) supply.

It must be an electrically Earth-grounded metal box with a watertight, electrically grounded metal conduit that is connected between the box and the AUTODOME camera.

The power redundancy feature is only guaranteed to work with our midspans mentioned on the camera datasheet, since the feature depends on other power supply features beyond the IEEE 802.3bt standard.

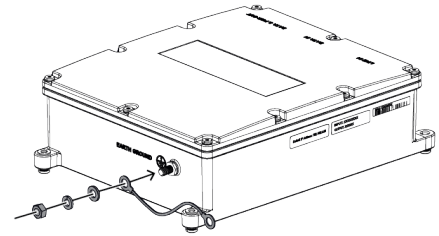
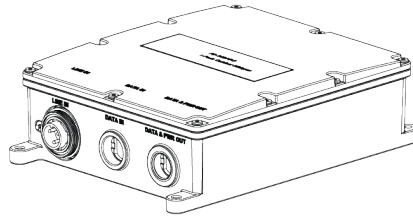
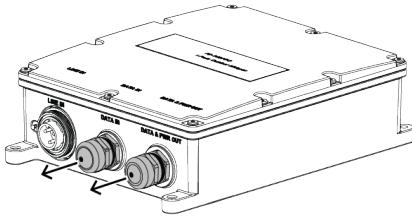
It is recommended that any third-party IEEE 802.3bt midspan support a retry feature if there is a momentary over-current.

Note: For the system of the AUTODOME camera and the chosen power device (third-party IEEE 802.3bt midspan or 24 VAC) to meet all of the AUTODOME certifications and specifications, the midspan/power supply must meet the same certifications and requirements.

12.2

Connecting watertight, electrically grounded metal conduit to our Outdoor Midspans

1. Unscrew and remove the fittings from the DATA & PWR OUT and DATA IN ports of our Outdoor midspan.
2. Find electrically conductive liquid tight metal conduit with PG16 threads to screw into the two holes, or find an appropriate liquid tight fitting to adapt a PG16 male thread to the conduit of your choice such as ½ " NPT while maintaining its IP rating.
3. Add 4 wraps of PTFE tape to the threads to ensure IP66.
4. Connect the braided ground wire on the metal housing of the outdoor midspan to earth ground of the system installation.



13 Power by 24 VAC/36 VDC

13.1 Recommendations for 24 VAC Power Supply

We recommend operating the AUTODOME 7100s IR camera model(s) (NDP-7803S-Z30L) by IEEE 802.3bt PoE Type 4, Class 8, 90W, which provides enough power for full-function mode.

You can also use a third-party 24 VAC, 50/60Hz power supply that meets the stated requirements.

A 24 VAC, 50/60Hz power supply must meet the following requirements to be used with the AUTODOME camera.

The power supply must provide 24 VAC +/-10% voltage at the camera after any voltage drop across the cable, and for the following current and power loads as in the table that follows.

Model	Minimum current output required (Amps)			Minimum power output required (Watts)		
	24 VAC, 50/60 Hz	PoE 54 VDC	36 VDC	24 VAC, 50/60 Hz (PF = 0.6)	PoE 54 VDC	36 VDC
2MP (non-IR)	3	0.9	1.3	43.2	48.6	46.8
2MP IR, 4K IR	3.5	1.2	1.85	53	64.8	66.6



Warning!

The product must be supplied only by an external power supply that is a certified Class 2 or Limited Power Source (LPS) supply.

It must be an electrically Earth-grounded metal box with a watertight, electrically grounded metal conduit that is connected between the box and the AUTODOME camera.

Note: For the system of the AUTODOME camera and the chosen power device (third-party IEEE 802.3bt midspan or 24 VAC) to meet all of the AUTODOME certifications and specifications, the midspan/power supply must meet the same certifications and requirements.

13.2 Compatible 24 VAC Power Supplies



Warning!

Risk of damage to IR models with the wrong PSU

AUTODOME 7100s IR models (NDP-7803S-Z30L) require output voltage of 24 VAC @ 3.5A. The only PSUs with the necessary output rating are in the table that follows.

To operate AUTODOME 7100 IR models by 24 VAC (instead of by IEEE 802.3bt PoE), you must use one of the PSUs in the list that follows.

The non-IR camera models support the following models of our 24 VAC power supplies:

Part Number	Description	Input voltage	Output voltage
NDA-U-PSU0H	PSU with flat lid, no transformer, 3.5A output	24 VAC ± 10%, 50/60Hz	24 VAC @ 3.5A, 50/60Hz
NDA-U-PSU1H	PSU with flat lid, 120 VAC transformer, 3.5A output	120 VAC ± 10%, 50/60Hz	24 VAC @ 3.5A, 50/60Hz
NDA-U-PSU2H	PSU with flat lid, 230 VAC transformer, 3.5A output	230 VAC ± 10%, 50/60Hz	24 VAC @ 3.5A, 50/60Hz
NDA-7100-PA0H*	Wall arm and PSU for AUTODOME 7100i /	24 VAC 50/60Hz	24 VAC 50/60Hz
NDA-7100-PA1H*	AUTODOME 7100i IR and AUTODOME 7100s /	120 VAC 50/60Hz	24 VAC 50/60Hz
NDA-7100-PA2H*	AUTODOME 7100s IR cameras	230 VAC 50/60Hz	24 VAC 50/60Hz
NDA-7100-PA0HF*	Wall arm and PSU with direct fiber connection for	24 VAC 50/60Hz	24 VAC 50/60Hz
NDA-7100-PA1HF*	AUTODOME 7100i / AUTODOME 7100i IR and	120 VAC 50/60Hz	24 VAC 50/60Hz
NDA-7100-PA2HF*	AUTODOME 7100s / AUTODOME 7100s IR	230 VAC 50/60Hz	24 VAC 50/60Hz
* The -H and -HF models of the NDA-7100-PA power supply replace the NDA-7100-PA models without “H” in the model number.			



Notice!

IQSIGHT previously released PSU models with a lid and a 3.15A fuse (NDA-U-PSU0, NDA-U-PSU1) to operate the non-IR models of AUTODOME 7100i. Customers who replace an earlier AUTODOME arm mount installation with a new AUTODOME wall arm (NDA-7100-PEN or NDA-7100-PENF) can use VG4-A-PSU0, VG4-A-PSU1, or VG4-A-PSU2 instead of an NDA-U-PSU to supply power to the camera, but must redo the wiring properly (as described in this manual).

**Notice!**

Potential lapse of warranty of VG4-A-PSU

If you reuse a previously installed VG4-A-PSU0, VG4-A-PSU1, or VG4-A-PSU2 power supply, note that the warranty may have elapsed.

**Danger!**

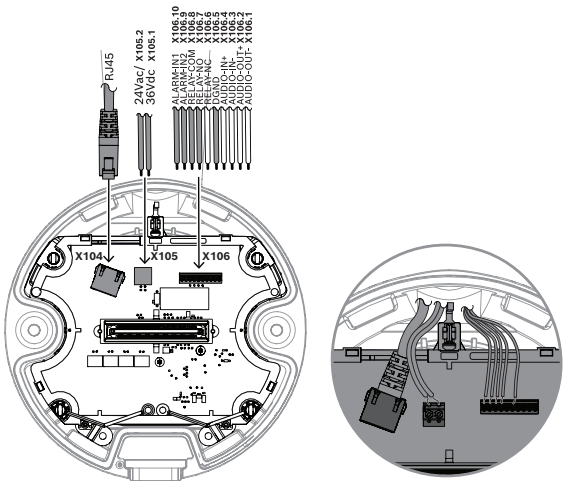
Our NDA-U-PA0, NDA-U-PA1, and NDA-U-PA2 surveillance cabinet PSUs are NOT compatible with AUTODOME 7100 series cameras.

13.3 Audio Input and Output wire specifications

Wire Type	Shielded twisted pair (recommended)
Distance	Typically 10 m (33 ft), but depends on the signal level, noise and quality of audio required
Gage	Typically 22 AWG to connector (X106)
Shield	Bare copper braid: 95% coverage
Twisted pair wires	Stranded bare copper. Connect to AUTODOME metal chassis ground

13.4 Connecting 24 VAC / 36 VDC power to the camera

Connect 24 VAC $\pm$ 10%, 50/60Hz or 36 VDC $\pm$ 10% to Connector X105 pins 1 and 2 as in the figure that follows.



X105 Connector	24 VAC Application	36 VDC Application
Pin 1	24 VAC Line	+36VDC
Pin 2	24 VAC Neutral	36VDC_return

Note: The AUTODOME camera will generally work with either polarity of 24VAC line/neutral, and +36VDC and 36VDC_return as long as these lines are not connected to more than one AUTODOME camera.

Caution!

Compliance with EN50130-4 Alarm Standard - CCTV for Security Applications

To meet the requirements of the EN50130-4 Alarm Standard, an ancillary uninterruptable power (UPS) supply is necessary. The UPS must have a **Transfer Time** between 2-6 ms and a **Backup Runtime** of greater than 5 seconds for the power level as specified on the product datasheet.

13.5 Making connections in the power supply

This subchapter applies both to the PSU with wall arm (NDA-7100-PA0H | NDA-7100-PA0HF | NDA-7100-PA1H | NDA-7100-PA1HF | NDA-7100-PA2H | NDA-7100-PA2HF) and to the PSU with lid (NDA-U-PSU0H | NDA-U-PSU1H | NDA-U-PSU2H).

**Warning!**

If you reuse a VG4-A-PSU0, VG4-A-PSU1, or VG4-A-PSU2 (from one of our earlier AUTODOME cameras) to provide power to an AUTODOME 7100i/AUTODOME 7100i IR/AUTODOME 7100s/AUTODOME 7100s IR camera:

- a) You must redo the cable wiring as shown.
- b) Do not connect any wires to connectors P106 and P105 of the PSU.

**Warning!**

All wiring (power and I/O cabling) that connects to the unit must be routed separately inside different, permanently earthed metal conduits (not supplied).

**Danger!**

High voltage. Risk of electric shock.

For the 120 VAC and 230 VAC models of the 24 VAC power supplies NDA-U-PSU1H and NDA-U-PSU2H with 120 VAC or 230 VAC transformers: Route only 120 VAC / 230 VAC wiring and Earth ground through the conduit holes in the high-voltage section of the power supply models.

Do not route any other wires through the high-voltage section of the power supply.

Note: Use proper grommets to guarantee an IP66 rating.

The table that follows lists the Power Supply Box connectors. Note that AUTODOME 7100i/ AUTODOME 7100i IR/AUTODOME 7100s/AUTODOME 7100s IR cameras do not use all of the labeled connectors. To wire the incoming high-voltage and the outgoing low-voltage lines properly, make connections to ground and to blocks P101 and P107 as the table indicates.

No.	Connector	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6
	Ground	Grounding Screw - External Earth ground connection					
	Ground	Grounding metal spade - Earth ground condition to the optional arm mount					
P101	120/230 VAC, 50/60Hz or 24 VAC, 50/60Hz, Power In	Line	NC	Neutral	N/A	N/A	N/A
P107	In latest PSU models with 3.5 A fuse (NDA-U-PSU0H NDA-U-PSU1H NDA-U-PSU2H):						
	24 VAC, 50/60Hz power to camera	24 VAC Line (3.5 A fuse)	24 VAC Neutral	Earth Ground	N/A	N/A	N/A
P107	In previously released PSUs with 3.15 A fuse (NDA-U-PSU0 NDA-U-PSU1 NDA-U-PSU2)						
	24 VAC, 50/60Hz power to camera	N/A	N/A	Earth Ground	24 VAC Line (3.15 A fuse)	24 VAC Neutral	N/A
P105	Serial Communications	**Not used for AUTODOME 7100i**					
P106	Serial Communications						
J103	Older Fiber Connection						

1. Route the high voltage 120 VAC/230 VAC lines and ground wire through the 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS earth-grounded metal conduit fitting on the left side of the box. The Power Supply Box with a transformer has a metal barrier that separates the high voltage side on the left from the low voltage 24 VAC side on the right. The high voltage lines must remain to the left of this barrier. (Refer to the figure that follows.)

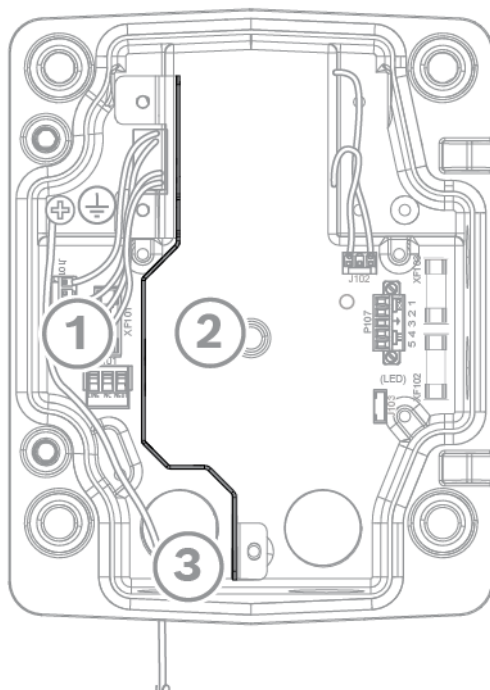
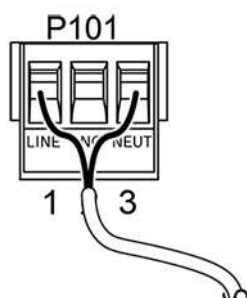


Figure 13.1: 24VAC power supply with (1) the high-voltage section (120 VAC/230 VAC), (2) the low-voltage section (24 VAC), and (3) the metal barrier that separates the two sections

2. Cut and trim the high voltage 120 VAC/230 VAC power and ground wires with sufficient slack to reach their connector terminal in the box, but not so long as to be pinched by or to obstruct closing the cover door.
3. Attach the supplied 3-pin power plug to the incoming high voltage power wires in the box. Refer to connector P101 in the table above and to the figure that follows.



4. Attach the ground wire to the grounding screw.
5. Make the respective connections, as follows, to the P107 Power Out connector to route the 24 VAC power supply to the camera:
 - For NDA-U-PSU0H | NDA-U-PSU1H | NDA-U-PSU2H:
 - a. Connect the first wire to pin 2 (24 VAC Neutral) on the P107 Power Out connector.
 - b. Connect the second wire to pin 1 (24 VAC Line) on the P107 Power Out connector. (Note: the 3.5A fuse is in this line.)
 - For previously released PSU models:
 - a. Connect the first wire to pin 5 (24 VAC Neutral) on the P107 Power Out connector.
 - b. Connect the second wire to pin 4 (24 VAC Line) on the P107 Power Out connector. (Note: the 3.15A fuse is in this line.)
6. Connect the third wire to pin 3 (Earth Ground) on the P107 Power Out connector.

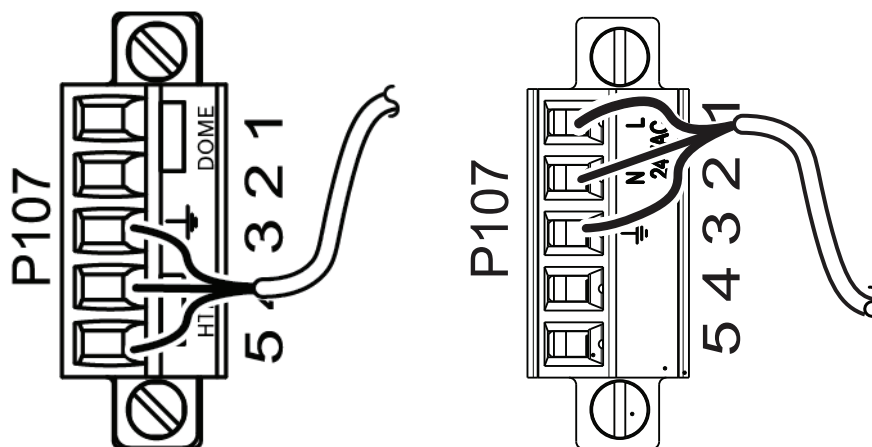


Figure 13.2: Outgoing 24 VAC connections from P107 for:

Previously released models NDA-U-PSU0 | NDA-U-PSU1 | NDA-U-PSU2 (at left) and latest models NDA-U-PSU0H | NDA-U-PSU1H | NDA-U-PSU2H (at right)

Note: Pin 3 is Earth ground in all NDA-U-PSU models.

Warning!

Make sure that you connect the outgoing power supply wires to the appropriate pins of the P107 connector as described:

For latest models NDA-U-PSU0H | NDA-U-PSU1H | NDA-U-PSU2H:

Pin 1: 24 VAC Line

Pin 2: 24 VAC Neutral

For previously released models:

Pin 4: 24 VAC Line

Pin 5: 24 VAC Neutral

Power supply fuse XF103 can handle a higher amperage (3.15A) than fuse XF102 (2.0A).



7. Route the 24 VAC outgoing power supply wires:
 - For the PSU with wall arm mount: through the wall arm and WPLATE to the camera.
 - For the PSU + lid: through a conduit hole to electrically grounded conduit, through a mount that supports grounded conduit (such as the NDA-U-WMP), to the pipe mount and to the camera.
8. Cut and trim the 24 VAC power with sufficient slack to reach the connector terminal X105 in the camera, but not so long as to be pinched by or to obstruct closing the cover door.
9. Attach the 24 VAC lines to the AUTODOME User Interface connector X105, as shown in the figure that follows.
10. Route the Ethernet cable through the points mentioned in the list that follows, in sequence:
 - For the PSU with wall arm mount:
 - a. From the User Interface connector X104 in the pipe or arm mount (as shown below)
 - b. Through the arm to the PSU box
 - c. Out 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS metal conduit fitting in the PSU box
 - d. Through electrically grounded, liquid tight metal conduit
 - e. To the computer.
 - For a PSU with lid:
 - a. From the User Interface connector X104 in the pipe or ARM mount (as shown below)
 - b. Into a 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS metal conduit fitting in the NDA-U-WMP (for instance) when using a pipe mount or in the WPLATE when using the arm mount
 - c. Through electrically grounded, liquid tight metal conduit

- d. To a 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS metal conduit fitting in the PSU box
- e Out another 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS metal conduit fitting in the PSU box
- f. Through electrically grounded, liquid tight metal conduit
- g. To the computer.

**Notice!**

Always use one of the following types of shielded network connection (Ethernet) cable (Cat5e/Cat6 or better), and a shielded RJ45 network cable connector:

- F/UTP overall screened cable with unscreened twisted pairs (often referred to as FTP)
- S/UTP overall braided shield with unscreened twisted pairs (often referred to as STP)
- a cable with better shielding that has a minimum bend radius of 30 mm (1.2 in.) and a maximum diameter of 6 mm (0.24 in.).

Always use shielded cables/connectors in demanding indoor electrical environments where the network cable is located in parallel with electrical mains supply cables, or where large inductive loads such as motors or contactors are near the camera or its cable.

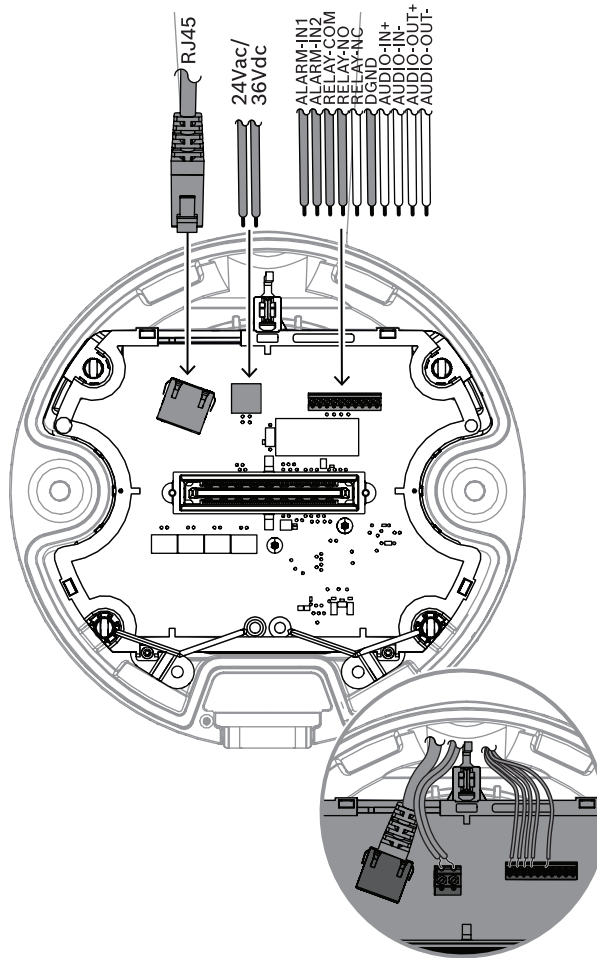
Note: This step applies to the PSU + wall arm mount only.

1. To connect the **arm mount** electrically to the power supply housing, connect the ground wire attached to the arm mount to the metal spade (number 5 in the figure in the *Connections to the PSU + wall arm*, page 62 subchapter that follows).

(Optional) To connect audio I/O and/or alarm inputs or alarm relay output from the User Interface connections through the arm to the PSU box:

1. Route the audio inputs, audio outputs, and/or alarm inputs and alarm relay output from connector X106 (see the figure that follows) in the User Interface board in the arm mount
 - a. through the arm (if using the PSU + wall arm)/through one conduit hole in the power supply box and out another conduit hole
 - b. through a 3/4 in. (20 mm) or 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS metal conduit fitting
 - c. through electrically grounded, liquid tight metal conduit
 - d. to a metal box that will hold this equipment.

Note: Refer to *Connecting the Alarm Inputs and Alarm Relay Output*, page 68 and *Audio Input and Output wire specifications*, page 54 for additional requirements.



2. Follow the instructions in Installing a mount power supply box (wall, mast (pole), and corner mounts) to continue the installation.

13.6 Connections to the PSU + lid

The figure that follows shows the connections for the power supply with lid (120 VAC/230 VAC models). Note: optional audio input and output cables and alarm input and relay output cables are not shown. Those cables also come from the camera through the wall arm mount and exit through one of the grounded conduit holes on the low-voltage side of the power supply.

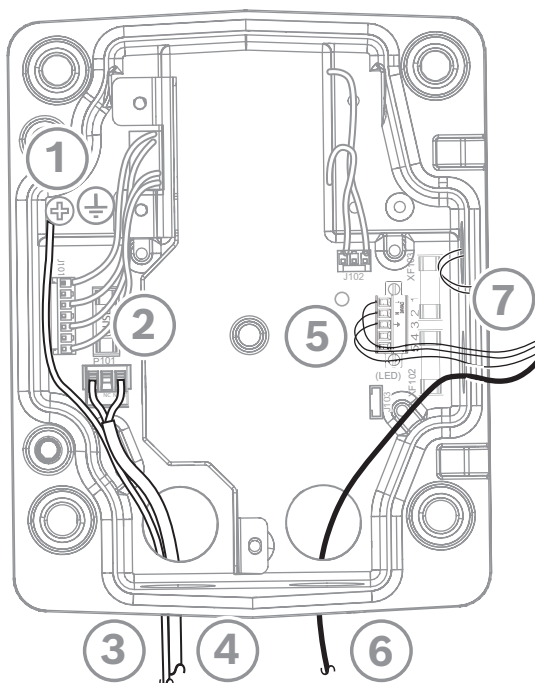


Figure 13.3: Connections for the power supply with lid (120 VAC/230 VAC models)

1	Ground screw	5	P107 Connector: 24 VAC (pins 1 and 2) and earth ground (pin 3) to a conduit hole 3/4 in. (20 mm), or 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit to the camera through its mount.
2	P101 Connector: Power In (120 VAC / 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz) to a high voltage side conduit hole 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit to the power source.	6	Ethernet cable from Camera through a conduit hole 3/4 in. (20 mm), or 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit Note: The Ethernet cable passes through the Power Supply box as it connects from the camera to the PC.
3	Ground wire connects to external Earth Ground	7	(Optional pass-through) Audio input+/-, Audio Output+/-, Alarm IN 1, Alarm IN 2, Relay NO, Relay NC, Relay COM, DGND to a low voltage; 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS fitting Note: Audio and alarm I/Os pass through the power supply box as it connects from the camera to the alarm, audio test equipment which should be placed in an

		IP66-rated, grounded metal box. Ground wire connection for the camera is the screw terminal above number 4.
4	Power In; 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS Fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit Note: The cable should remain on the high voltage side of the metal barrier that separates high voltage from low voltage in the power supply.	

13.7 Connections to the PSU + wall arm

The figure that follows shows the connections for the power supply with wall arm (120 VAC/230 VAC models). Note: optional audio input and output cables and alarm input and relay output cables are not shown. Those cables also come from the camera through the wall arm mount and exit through one of the grounded conduit holes on the low-voltage side of the power supply.

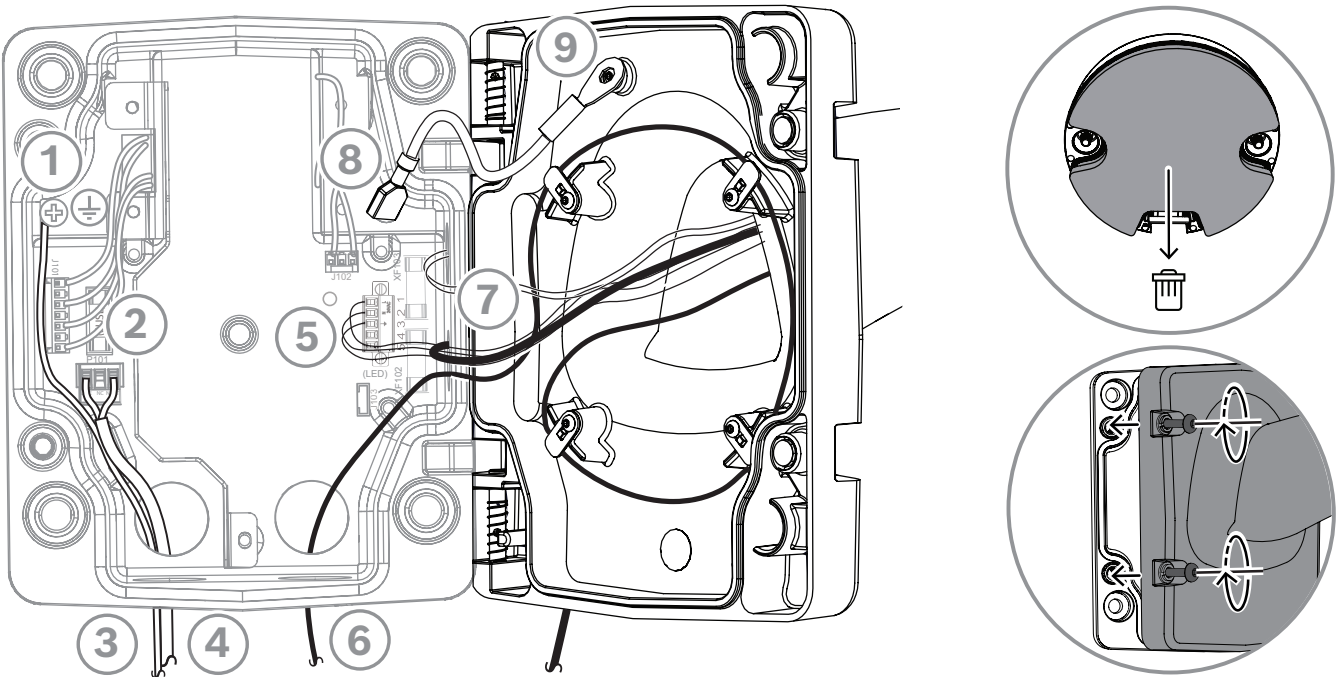


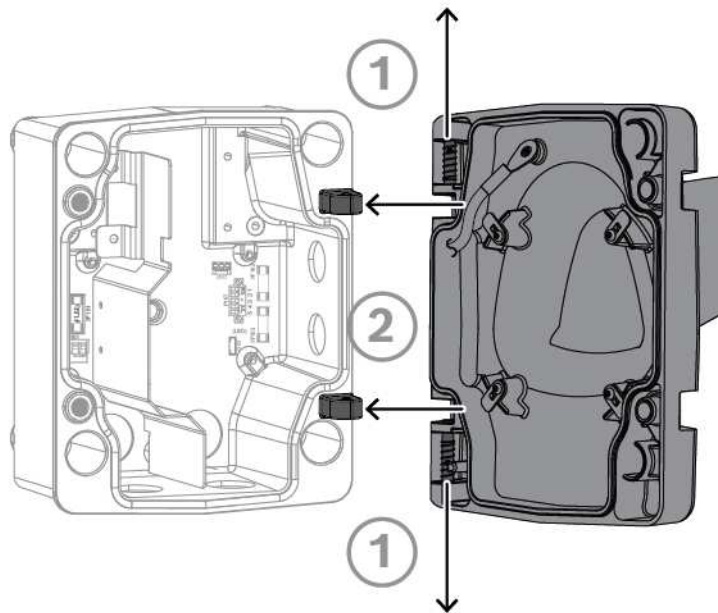
Figure 13.4: Connections for the power supply with wall arm

1	Ground screw	6	Ethernet cable through a 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit. Continues inside the power box through the arm mount to the camera.
2	P101 Connector: Power In (120 VAC / 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz) to a high voltage side conduit hole 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit to the power source.	7	(Optional pass-through) Audio input+/-, Audio Output+/-, Alarm IN 1, Alarm IN 2, Relay NO, Relay NC, Relay COM, DGND to a low voltage; 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS fitting from the camera, through the arm mount to electrically grounded metal conduit.

			Note: Audio and alarm I/Os pass through the power supply box as it connects from the camera to the alarm, audio test equipment which should be placed in an IP66-rated, grounded metal box.
3	Ground wire connects to external Earth Ground	8	Ground wire metal spade - Ground wire of wall arm mount connects here by plugging into the metal spade attached to the screw Note: Only applies to PSU + wall arm mounts.
4	Power In; 3/4 in. (20 mm) NPS Fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit Note: The cable should remain on the high voltage side of the metal barrier that separates high voltage from low voltage in the power supply.	9	Ground wire to wall arm mount
5	P107 Connector: 24 VAC (pins 1 and 2) and earth ground (pin 3) to a conduit hole 3/4 in. (20 mm), or 1/2 in. (15 mm) NPS fitting to electrically grounded metal conduit to the camera through the wall arm mount.		

13.8 Attaching the pendant arm to the power supply box

Note: Refer to the figure that follows as you complete the steps to attach the pendant arm to the power supply box.



Notice!

You must compress both hinge pins fully to open (unlock) the hinges of the pendant arm.

1. Push down the lever of the bottom hinge pin on the pendant arm and then rotate the lever behind the hinge pin stop. The hinge pin stop holds the hinge open while attaching the pendant arm to the power supply box.
2. Push up the lever of the top hinge and hold it. Compress both hinge pins completely to open (unlock) the hinges of the pendant arm before proceeding to the next step.
3. While holding the top hinge pin open, align the top and bottom hinges of the pendant arm to their mating points on the power supply box.
4. After you have aligned the hinges, release the top hinge pin to engage its mating hinge on the power supply box.
5. Release the bottom hinge pin from the hinge pin stop to lock the pendant arm to the power supply box.



Warning!

Risk of injury or death

Serious injury or death can occur if the hinge pins of the pendant arm are not fully engaged (locked) to the power supply box. Exercise caution before releasing the pendant arm.

13.9

Fuse specifications and power wire gauges

**Warning!**

Fuse replacement by qualified service personnel only. Replace with same type fuse.

PSU Fuse specifications			
Input Voltage	XF101 Mains	XF102	XF103
24 VAC	T 5.0 A (5 A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm, time-delay)	T 3.5 A (3.5 A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm, time-delay)	No fuse.
120 VAC	T 1.6 A (1.6 A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm, time-delay)	T 3.5 A (3.5 A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm, time-delay)	No fuse.
230 VAC	T 0.8 A (0.8 A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm, time-delay)	T 3.5 A (3.5 A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm, time-delay)	No fuse.

The table that follows is a list of wire gauges and lengths that we recommend for the power connection in an AUTODOME 7100 series camera.

Wire Size		24 VAC				36 VDC			
		IR models Maximum Distance		Non-IR models Maximum Distance		IR models Maximum Distance		Non-IR models Maximum Distance	
AWG	mm	meters	feet	meters	feet	meters	feet	meters	feet
14	1.63	27	89	40	131	97	318	138	452
16	1.29	17	56	25	82	60	197	86	282
18	1.02	10	33	15	49	38	125	54	177

14 (Optional) Support for Fiber optic cable installation

The AUTODOME camera supports 1 Gbps fiber optic cable output using 1 Gbps Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) modules, when used with either the NDA-7100-PENF or the NDA-7100-PIPEF mount.

The following requirements to the system apply when using fiber optics:

- The NDA-7100-PENF or NDA-7100-PIPEF mounts must be used.
- Only 1 Gbps SFP modules are supported.
- The SFP modules and media converter must meet the requirements that follow:
 - When using the NDA-7100-PIPEF, refer to the figure that follow to see how to route the fiber optic cable to minimize the risk of bending the fiber too tightly and possibly damaging it.
 - SFP modules cannot be hot plugged. The power to the AUTODOME and NDA-7100-PENF and NDA-7100-PIPEF mounts must be removed before installing or removing an SFP module.



Warning!

The AUTODOME camera does not support our 100Mbps SFP fiber modules.



Warning!

If an SFP module is added to the NDA-7100-PENF or NDA-7100-PIPEF mount and connected to an AUTODOME camera, the Ethernet port in the camera will automatically be disabled, even if no fiber is connected to the SFP module.



Warning!

SFP modules cannot be hot plugged. The power to the AUTODOME camera and NDA-7100-PENF and NDA-7100-PIPEF mounts must be removed before installing or removing an SFP module.

Note: 24VAC or 36VDC power must be used when using the fiber optic interface. For the IR models PoE is required when using fiber but only to provide power. Ethernet data should not be hooked up. Requirements for the SFP modules and Media converter:

- Must use 1 Gbps SFP modules.
- Ensure the SFP modules on both sides of the fiber optic line are compatible, and it is recommended that they be the same brand and model.
- Ensure the fiber optic cable used is compatible with the SFP modules - single-mode fiber (SMF) or multi-mode fiber (MMF) and wavelength compatible.
- Ensure that the media converter which converts fiber back to Ethernet supports the SFP module and fiber optic cable type used.
- The SFP module should support an operational (case) temperature of at least +85°C .
- The SFP should comply to the SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).
- QSFPs are not supported.

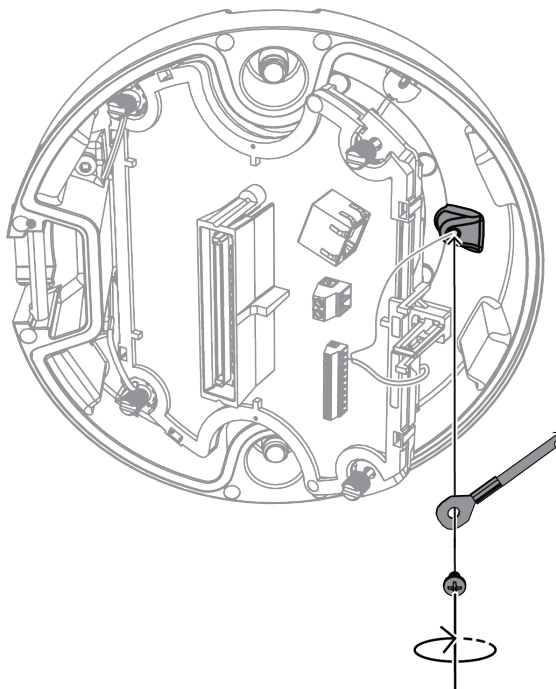
Note: The specifications of the chosen SFP modules, the fiber optic cables, and the media converter determine the length of the fiber optic cable.

15 Connecting the Alarm Inputs and Alarm Relay Output

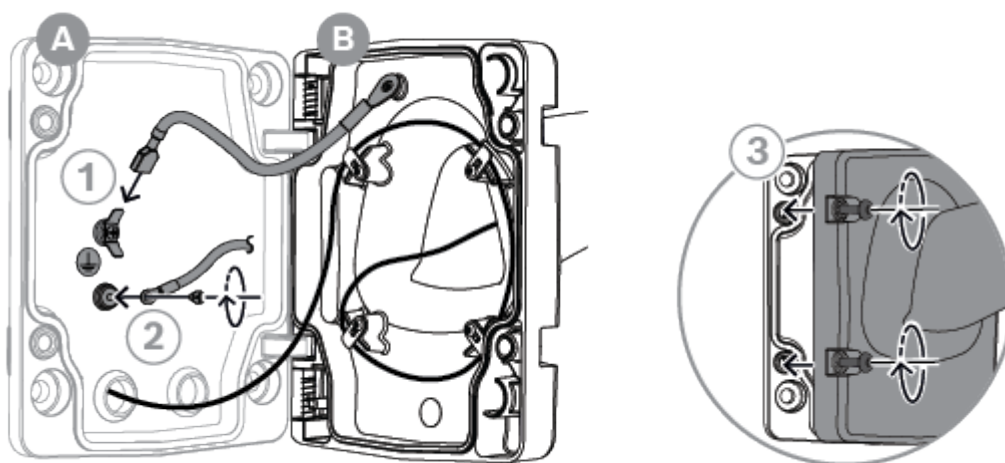
The Alarm Inputs and Alarm Output lines should use twisted pair wires with a foil shield where the drain wire of the foil shield is connected to the chassis/housing ground in the mount (NDA-7100-PIPE, NDA-7100-PIPEF, NDA-7100-PEN, NDA-7100-PENF) as described below.

- ALARM Input 1 (X106.10) should be twisted with DGND (X106.5)
- ALARM Input 2 (X106.9) should be twisted with DGND (X106.5)
- RELAY-NC (X106.6), or RELAY-NO (X106.7) should be twisted with RELAY-COM (X106.8)

To connect the drain wire of the foil shield of the alarm input and alarm outputs shielded twisted pair cables to the chassis ground of the NDA-7100-PIPE or NDA-7100-PIPEF mount:



To connect the drain wire of the foil shield of the alarm input and alarm outputs, and audio input and output twisted pair cables to the chassis ground of the NDA-7100-PEN, NDA-7100-PIPE, NDA-7100-PIPE, or NDA-7100-PIPEF mounts:



Wire size		Alarm inputs - Maximum distance		Alarm output - Maximum distance	
AWG	mm	Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet
22	0.643	152.4	500	N/A at maximum current	N/A at maximum current
20	0.811	243.8	800	18	72
These numbers assume maximum relay load. If switching less than this, re-calculate with the exact switching load for your particular use case to increase the allowed distances.					

Table 15.1: Wire gauge and maximum distance, alarm inputs and outputs (2MP model)

Note: Install all alarm and audio equipment in a watertight, metal enclosure that supports watertight, electrically grounded metal conduit.

16 Connection via the web browser

A computer with a web browser (Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, or Mozilla Firefox) is used to receive live images, control the unit, and replay stored sequences. The unit is configured over the network using the browser.

16.1 System requirements

Our recommendations are:

- Computer with Dual core HyperThreading processor or better
- Graphic card with performance that matches or is better than the resolution of the camera
- Windows 10 or later
- Network access
- Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, or Mozilla Firefox
- **- or -**
- Application software, for example, Video Security Client or BVMS.

16.2 Establishing the connection

The unit must have a valid IP address and a compatible subnet mask to operate on your network. By default, DHCP is pre-set at the factory to **On** and so your DHCP server assigns an IP address. With no DHCP server the default address is automatically assigned via link-local address.

The Project Assistant app or Configuration Manager (version 7.74 or higher) can be used to find the IP address. Download the software from <https://downloadstore.keenfinity-group.com/>:

1. Start the web browser.
2. Enter the IP address of the device as the URL.
3. During the initial installation, confirm any security questions that show.

Note:

If you cannot connect, the unit may have reached its maximum number of connections. Depending on the device and network configuration, each unit can have up to 50 web browser connections, or up to 100 connections via BVMS.

16.3 Password protection in camera

The camera requires a strong password. Follow the prompts in the dialog box, which specifies what is required. The system measures the strength of the password that you enter.

When you use Configuration Manager to access your device for the first time, you must set the initial password of the device in Configuration Manager. The Users section (General > Unit Access > Users) displays the message, "Before you can use this device you have to secure it with an initial password."

Note: After you set the initial password, a "lock" icon appears next to the device name in the **Devices** list in Configuration Manager.

You can also launch the device webpage directly. In the device webpage, an initial password page appears, displaying input fields and a password strength gauge.

Enter the user name ("**service**") and a password in the appropriate fields. Refer to the section **User Management** for more information.

After a service-level password is set for the device, the device displays a dialog box that prompts users to enter the user name ("**service**") and the service-level password every time that they access the device.

1. Fill in the fields **User name** and **Password**.
2. Click **OK**. If the password is correct, the desired page appears.

Note: New releases of software may require you to set a new and stronger password.

17 Completing a hardware reset

You may need to complete a hardware reset if you have the following issues:

- You can power up the camera but cannot log on to the camera using the web browser.
- The camera does not start up, or fails to power up via PoE.
- The camera cannot search an IP address.
- The camera's firmware crashed.
- You forgot the password to access the camera.
- The image becomes frozen.
- You cannot update the firmware.
- The camera disconnects from the network at random and needs a reboot.
- The camera no longer finds pre-positions (preset positions).
- You cannot configure the camera using the web browser.
- The camera has no video out.



Notice!

A factory default deletes all camera settings including passwords, network settings, and image settings.

Complete the following sequence of steps only if you have no other option to restore operation to the camera.

Steps to complete a hardware reset for all camera models

1. Apply power to the camera.
2. Find the IP address of the camera.
3. Log on to the camera using the web browser. (**Note:** You can use Configuration Manager to identify the IP address.)



Caution!

Risk of burns - Camera surface may be hot

The camera housing may be hot to the touch, especially in hot weather climates. Use caution when handling the camera to avoid burns.

4. Push and hold the reset button for more than 8 seconds.

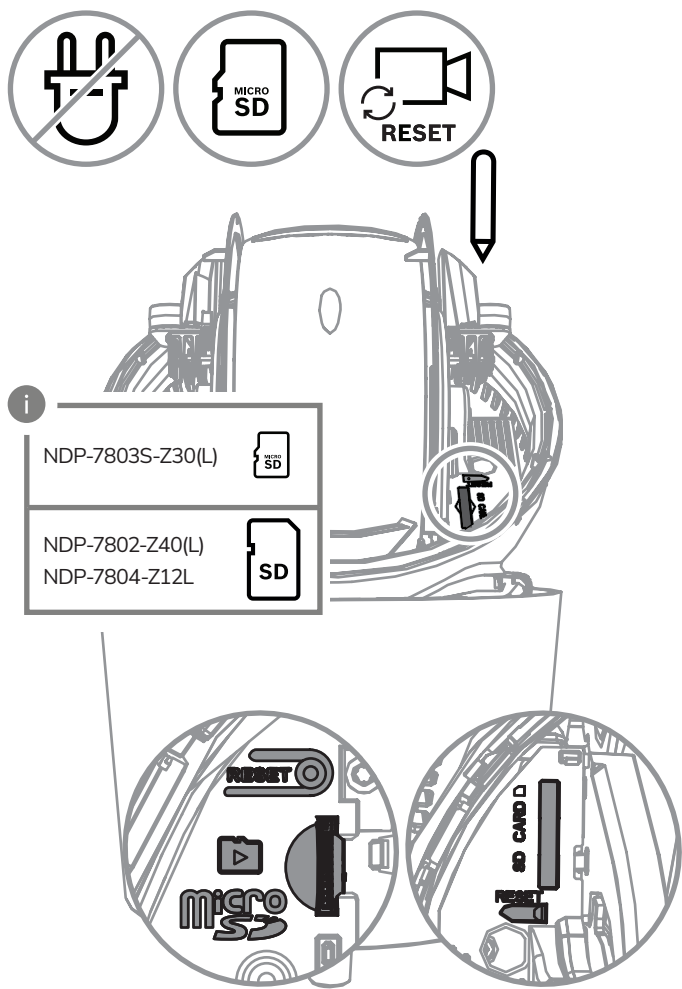


Caution!

Risk of electric shock

Use a non-electrical conductive tool to push the reset button.

5. Find the IP address again.
6. Access the camera using the web browser.
7. Set the initial **service**-level password for the camera.



18 Rebooting the unit

Reboot the unit

After a Factory Default or firmware update, reboot the unit if:

- You cannot connect to the unit in the Web browser.

OR

- Configuration Manager or BVMS or similar software identifies the unit as “Videojet Generic”.
 - ▶ Reboot the unit using one of the following methods:
- In the web browser, type the IP address and then /reset (without any punctuation). Press the **Enter** key.

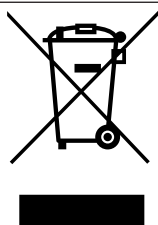
OR

- In Configuration Manager, right-click the IP address and click **Restart**.
 - ▶ Wait two minutes for the process to complete.

If you cannot control the unit after the firmware upgrade, then cycle the power to the unit. If a power reset does not solve the problem, or if Configuration or video management software identifies the unit as “Videojet Generic,” then contact Technical Support (1-800-289-0096) for an RMA for the unit.

19 Disposal

Old electrical and electronic equipment



This product and/or battery must be disposed of separately from household waste. Dispose such equipment according to local laws and regulations, to allow their reuse and/or recycling. This will help in conserving resources, and in protecting human health and the environment.

20 Appendices

20.1 Copyright notices

The firmware uses the fonts "Adobe-Helvetica-Bold-R-Normal--24-240-75-75-P-138-ISO10646-1" and "Adobe-Helvetica-Bold-R-Normal--12-120-75-75-P-70-ISO10646-1" under the following copyright:

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20.2 More information



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IQSIGHT B.V.

Achtseweg Zuid 173
5651 GW Eindhoven
The Netherlands

www.iqsight.com

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